



DELAWARE COUNTY REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL AUTHORITY
P.O. Box 999 • Chester, PA 19016-0999

April 28, 2017

FED EX – NEXT DAY

Chief, Environmental Enforcement
Section
Environment and Natural
Resources Division
U.S. Department of Justice
601 D Street NW
Washington, DC 20004
Re: DOJ No. 90-5-1-1-10972

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Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

Chief
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U.S. EPA, Region 3
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Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

Program Manager – Clean Water Program
PA DEP
Southeast Regional Office
2 East Main Street
Norristown, PA 19401

RE: Civil Action Number Case 2:15-cv-04652-RB
& DOJ Case Number 90-5-1-1-10972
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4
Period of January 1, 2017 – April 1, 2017

Dear Sir/Madam:

By this letter, the Delaware County Regional Water Quality Control Authority is enclosing a copy of the above mentioned report in accordance with the requirements of the Consent Decree.

If there are any questions, please contact me. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Michael J. DiSantis
Director of Operations & Maintenance

MJD:bab
enclosure

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USDOJ/USEPA/PADEP
Rainfall & Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4
April 28, 2017
page 2

cc: via email
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Michael Hope, Greeley and Hansen
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File – Consent Order – LTCP CSO



Delaware County Regional Water Quality Control Authority
CSO Long Term Control Plan Update

Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

(January 1, 2017 to April 1, 2017)

Final

April 2017



GREELEY AND HANSEN

**Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4****REPORT SIGNATURE COVER SHEET**

Signature of this cover signifies agreement with the content of the DELCORA Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4.

I certify under penalty of law that the document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

DELCORA MANAGEMENT		
Executive Director	 Signature	<u>4/25/17</u> Date
DELCORA ENGINEERING		
Director of Engineering	 Signature	<u>4/25/17</u> Date
DELCORA OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		
Director of Operation and Maintenance	 Signature	<u>4/26/17</u> Date



Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Table of Contents

Section 1 Introduction	1
Section 2 Rainfall Monitoring.....	2
2.1 Rainfall Monitoring Locations	2
2.2 Rain Gauge Calibration/Verification Procedure.....	2
2.3 Rainfall Event Summary.....	2
2.3.1 Rainfall Return Frequency.....	7
Section 3 Flow Meter Monitoring	10
3.1 Flow Monitoring Program	10
3.2 Flow Meters Field Calibration/Verification Procedures.....	10
3.3 Flow Monitoring Data Summary.....	16

List of Tables

Table 1: Newly Installed Rain Gauges	2
Table 2: Rainfall Event Summary, 1/1/17 - 4/1/17.....	4
Table 3: Details of the Newly Installed Flow Meters.....	11
Table 4: Flow Monitoring Summary	17

List of Figures

Figure 1: Rain Gauge Locations	3
Figure 2: Rainfall Event Summary, 1/1/17 - 4/1/17	5
Figure 3: Hourly Rainfall Profile	6
Figure 4: Duration-Depth-Frequency (DDF) Plot, RG_NCPS	7
Figure 5: Duration-Depth-Frequency (DDF) Plot, RG_UPT	8
Figure 6: Duration-Depth-Frequency (DDF) Plot, RG_Chester PS	8
Figure 7: Duration-Depth-Frequency (DDF) Plot, RG_Springfield	9
Figure 8: Existing and Newly Installed Flow Meter Locations	12
Figure 9: Newly Installed Flow Meter Locations.....	13
Figure 10: Flow Monitoring Schematic.....	14
Figure 11: Dry Weather Flow Balance Schematic.....	18
Figure 12: Flow Hydrograph In-08 and Eff-08.....	19
Figure 13: Flow Monitoring Data, In-02.....	20
Figure 14: Flow Monitoring Data, EFF-02	21
Figure 15: Flow Monitoring Data, CSO-02	22
Figure 16: Flow Monitoring Data, IN-03	23

Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 17: Flow Monitoring Data, Eff-03	24
Figure 18: Flow Monitoring Data, CSO-03	25
Figure 19: Flow Monitoring Data, IN-05	26
Figure 20: Flow Monitoring Data, Eff-05	27
Figure 21: Flow Monitoring Data, CSO-05	28
Figure 22: Flow Monitoring Data, IN-08	29
Figure 23: Flow Monitoring Data, Eff-08	30
Figure 24: Flow Monitoring Data, CSO-08	31
Figure 25: Flow Monitoring Data, In-09	32
Figure 26: Flow Monitoring Data, In-10	33
Figure 27: Flow Monitoring Data, In-11	34
Figure 28: Flow Monitoring Data, In-13	35
Figure 29: Flow Monitoring Data, In-14	36
Figure 30: Flow Monitoring Data, Eff-14	37
Figure 31: Flow Monitoring Data, CSO-14	38
Figure 32: Flow Monitoring Data, In-16	39
Figure 33: Flow Monitoring Data, In-17	40
Figure 34: Flow Monitoring Data, In-18	41
Figure 35: Flow Monitoring Data, In-19-1	42
Figure 36: Flow Monitoring Data, In-19-2	43
Figure 37: Flow Monitoring Data, Eff-19	44
Figure 38: Flow Monitoring Data, CSO-19	45
Figure 39: Flow Monitoring Data, In-25	46
Figure 40: Flow Monitoring Data, In-26	47
Figure 41: Flow Monitoring Data, INT-2nd St	48
Figure 42: Flow Monitoring Data, INT-DRI	49
Figure 43: Flow Monitoring Data, INT-Ridley 2	50
Figure 44: Flow Monitoring Data, INT-Ridley 3	51
Figure 45: Flow Monitoring Data, INT-WEI	52
Figure 46: Flow Monitoring Data, Sep-1	53
Figure 47: Flow Monitoring Data, Sep-2	54
Figure 48: Flow Monitoring Data, Sep-3	55
Figure 49: Flow Monitoring Data, Sep-4	56
Figure 50: Flow Monitoring Data, Side-1	56
Figure 51: Flow Monitoring Data, Side-2	58

Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Section 1 Introduction

The Delaware County Regional Water Quality Control Authority (DELCORA) entered into a Consent Decree (CD) with the United States Government in August 2015. The purpose of the Consent Decree is to establish a schedule for implementation of Long Term Control Plan Update (LTCPU) to achieve full compliance with the Clean Water Act and the regulations and Clean Streams Law and regulations. The lodging of this Consent Decree was entered by the court on August 17, 2015, it was signed and filed on November 10, 2015 by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

According to the Consent Decree, DELCORA's Hydrologic and Hydraulic Model (H&H Model) must be updated to meet the requirements in Section V.A.14 of the Consent Decree. A detailed plan to update, calibrate and validate the H&H model has been submitted and approved by the USEPA on March 1, 2016. Additional rainfall and flow monitoring is required to calibrate and validate the H&H model. Requirements of rainfall and flow monitoring are detailed in the Consent Decree Section V.A.14.d and e, which is included in the following:

- "d. Rainfall and flow monitoring shall be carried out in accordance with current good industry practice for a period of at least twelve (12) months, in accordance with the schedule included in the approved plan. Rainfall data shall be obtained at a minimum effective density of 1 gauge/virtual radar-based gauge per square kilometer, for the entire Model Area. Flow monitoring shall be carried out using sufficient monitors to allow the accurate characterization of dry and wet weather flows from the entire Model Area, and the response of each CSO to wet weather flows.*
- e. For all rainfall and flow monitoring carried out in support of efforts to update and calibrate the H&H Model, DELCORA shall prepare and submit to Plaintiffs for review and comment in accordance with the requirements of Section VI (Review and Approval of Submittals) quarterly technical memoranda documenting the results and quality of the rainfall and flow monitoring data."*

In summary, rainfall and flow monitoring shall be conducted for at least 12 months, and quarterly technical memoranda shall be submitted to Plaintiffs for review.

To satisfy the above mentioned rainfall and flow monitoring requirements, and in accordance with the submitted DELCORA H&H Model Update and Calibration Plan, DELCORA has installed 5 new rain gauges and 39 new flow meters in its sewer collection system. Starting from March 18, 2016, most of the newly installed rain gauges and flow meters were in service and began generating data.

This report is a summary of the Rainfall and Flow Monitoring during January 1, 2017 to April 1, 2017.

Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Section 2 Rainfall Monitoring

2.1 Rainfall Monitoring Locations

The site locations of the four existing and five newly installed rain gauges are shown in **Figure 1**. These rain gauges provide an effective spatial coverage of the entire WRTP's service area.

The four (4) existing rainfall gauges are in Delaware County that record precipitation in 15-minute increments. The gauges are located at the following DELCORA owned facilities:

- Western Regional Treatment Plant (WRTP, will be used for model calibration)
- Central Delaware County Pump Station (CDPS, will be used for model calibration)
- Muckinipates Pump Station (MPS, will be used for model calibration)
- Darby Creek Pump Station (DCPS, will NOT be used for model calibration)

The five (5) newly installed rain gauges are listed in **Table 1** with detail information of rain gauge location, service starting date, and data recording interval.

Table 1: Newly Installed Rain Gauges

	Rain Gauge ID	Location	Service Start Date	Data Interval
1	RG_Rose Valley	18 N. Longpoint Lane, Media, PA	3/05/16	5-minute
2	RG_Chester-PS	55 East 2nd Street, Chester, PA	3/05/16	5-minute
3	RG_NCPS	1628 Naamans Creek Rd., Marcus Hook, PA	3/05/16	5-minute
4	RG_Springfield	217 Saxer Avenue, Springfield, PA	4/03/16	5-minute
5	RG_UCT	1671 N. Upper Providence Road, Media, PA	4/16/16	5-minute

2.2 Rain Gauge Calibration/Verification Procedure

Rain Gauge calibrations were performed during the rain gauge installation. Additional calibrations will be performed to the manufacturer's specifications on a bi-annual basis or as needed if irregular data is observed. Rain gauges are routinely checked for debris, and cleared after snow/ice storms.

Each "tip" of the rain gauge bucket should correspond with 0.01" of rain. To ensure the modem is reading the tipping bucket pulse accurately, the tech will tip the bucket 10 times in rapid succession. The tech should see that 0.1" of rain is recorded.

2.3 Rainfall Event Summary

Rainfall events were analyzed for each individual rain gauge based on the inter-event time of 12 hours. In total there were 33 rainfall events during reporting period. **Table 2** lists all 18 rainfall events with total precipitation greater than 0.1 inch.

Figure 1: Rain Gauge Locations



Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

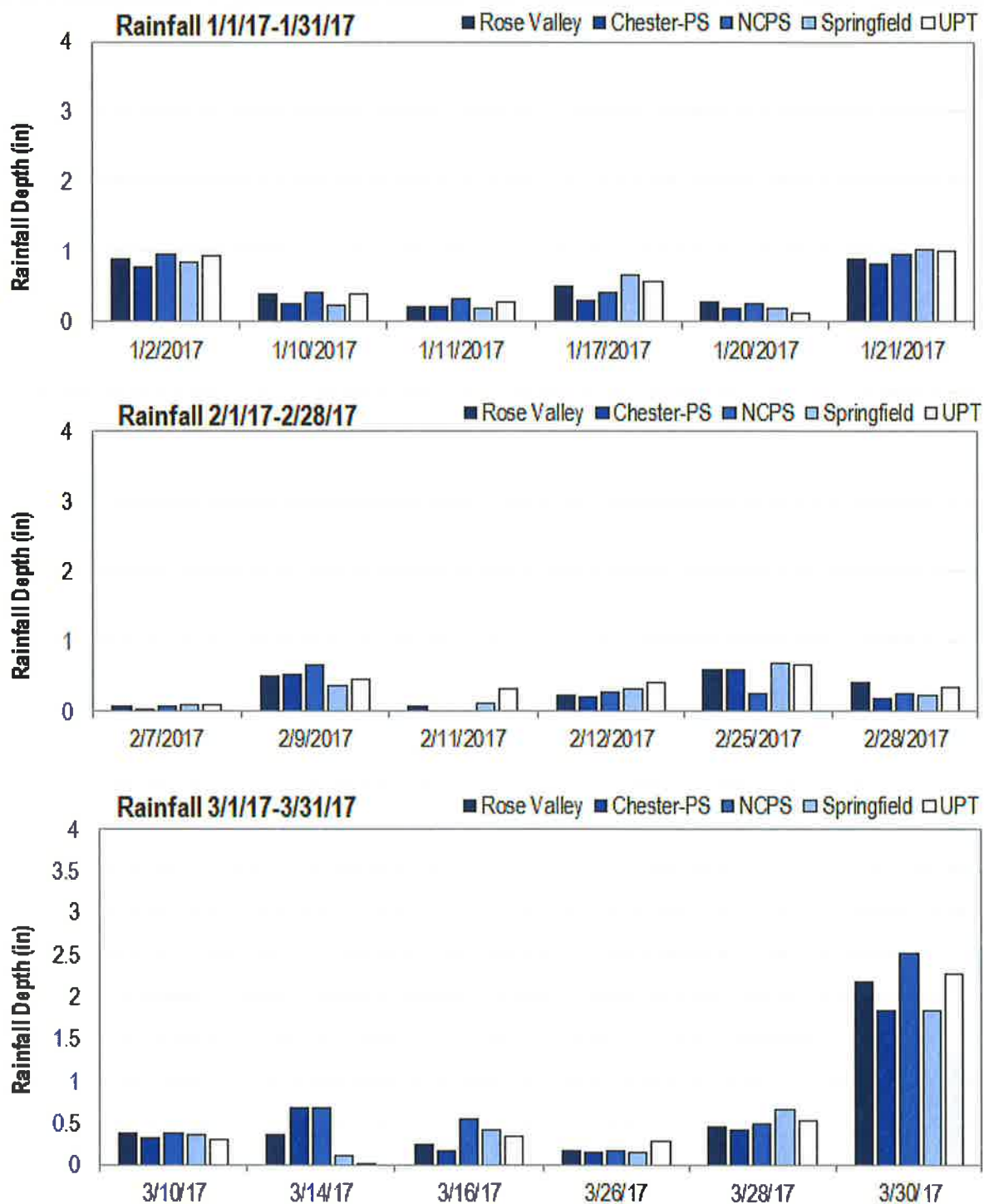
Figure 2 shows rainfall amounts at each rain gauge in each month for January, February and March. It is obvious that rainfall in the area has significant spatial and temporal variance. As an example, during this reporting period, the rain gauge at the Chester Pump Station (Chester PS) recorded a total rainfall of 7.63 inches while the gauge at the Upper Providence Township (UPT) recorded 9.23 inches. **Figure 3** shows the 1-hour rainfall profile for all of the 5 rain gauges.

Table 2: Rainfall Event Summary, 1/1/17 - 4/1/17

	Rain Event Starting Time	Rose Valley	Chester-PS	NCPS	Springfield	UPT
1	1/2/2017 4:25	0.9	0.78	0.95	0.84	0.93
2	1/10/2017 12:20	0.4	0.25	0.42	0.23	0.39
3	1/11/2017 20:05	0.21	0.22	0.33	0.18	0.28
4	1/17/2017 10:15	0.51	0.29	0.41	0.66	0.57
5	1/20/2017 11:35	0.28	0.19	0.26	0.19	0.11
6	1/21/2017 23:15	0.89	0.82	0.95	1.02	1.01
7	2/7/2017 9:45	0.06	0.03	0.07	0.1	0.08
8	2/9/2017 1:35	0.5	0.53	0.65	0.37	0.45
9	2/11/2017 10:30	0.06	0	0	0.12	0.31
10	2/12/2017 9:50	0.23	0.21	0.27	0.31	0.4
11	2/25/2017 16:30	0.6	0.59	0.25	0.69	0.66
12	2/28/2017 11:55	0.4	0.19	0.25	0.22	0.33
13	3/10/2017 7:00	0.37	0.31	0.38	0.36	0.29
14	3/14/2017 4:30	0.35	0.67	0.67	0.1	0.01
15	3/16/2017 9:20	0.24	0.17	0.54	0.41	0.34
16	3/26/2017 22:00	0.16	0.14	0.16	0.15	0.28
17	3/28/2017 7:05	0.45	0.41	0.49	0.66	0.52
18	3/30/2017 20:50	2.18	1.83	2.51	1.83	2.27
	Subtotal (1/1/17-4/1/17)	8.79	7.63	9.56	8.44	9.23

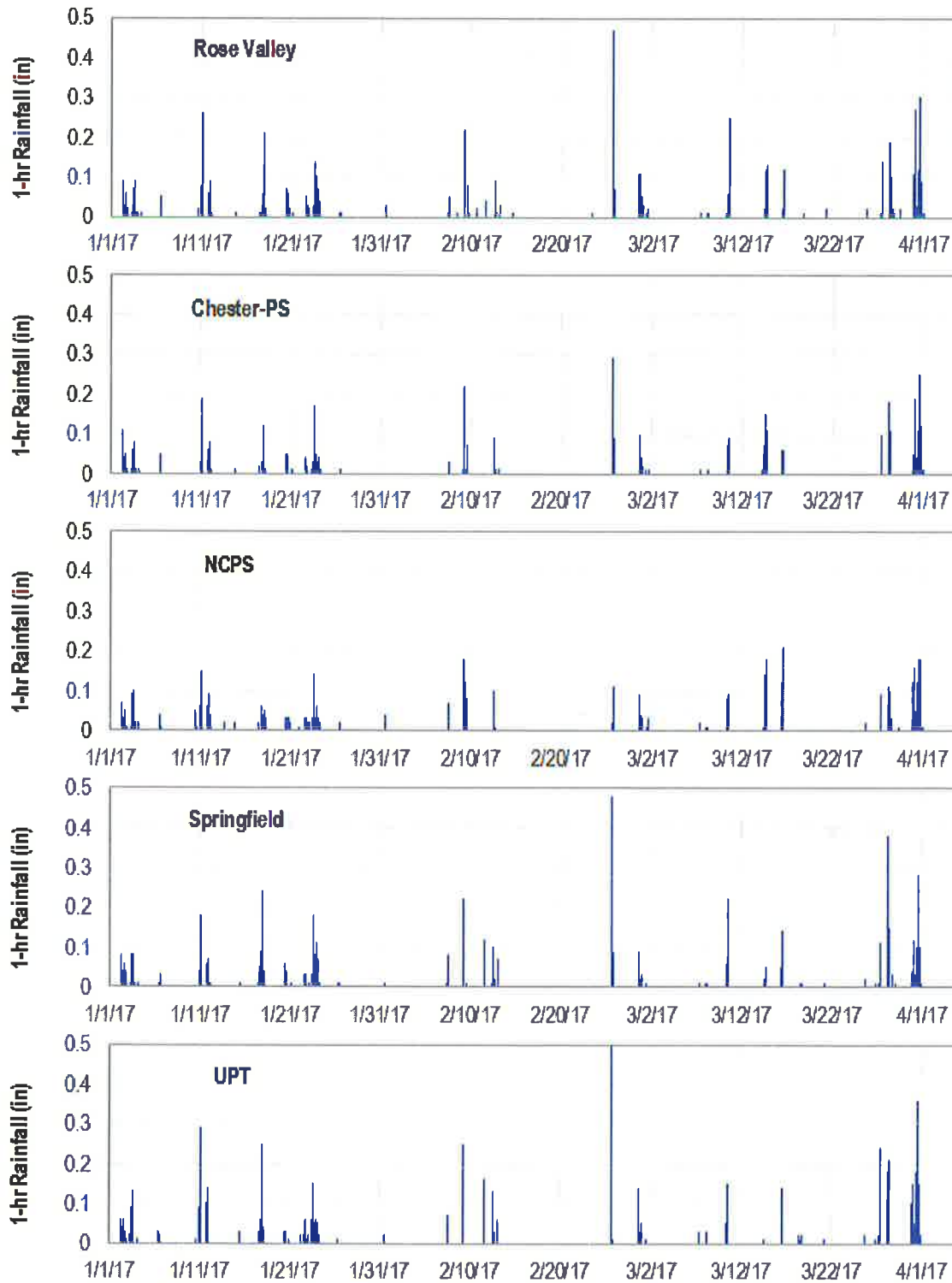
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 2: Rainfall Event Summary, 1/1/17 - 4/1/17



Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 3: Hourly Rainfall Profile



Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

2.3.1 Rainfall Return Frequency

Rainfall return frequency was analyzed for rain gauges RG_NCPS and RG_UPT because they usually record greater rainfall amounts than the others. The frequency analysis was also performed for RG_ChesterPS because it is located in the combined area.

Figure 4 shows Duration-Depth-Frequency (DDF) plot for RG_NCPS. One storm was recorded with total precipitation volumes greater than 1 inch. The event (3/30/17) is less than a 1-year event.

Figure 4: Duration-Depth-Frequency (DDF) Plot, RG_NCPS

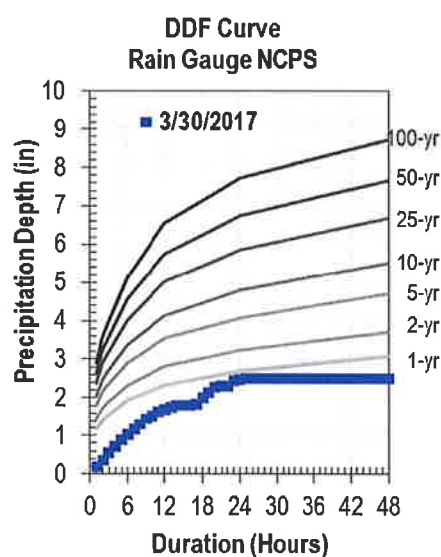


Figure 5 shows two Duration-Depth-Frequency (DDF) plots for RG_UPT. Two storms were recorded with total precipitation volumes greater than 1 inch. Both events (1/22/17 and 3/31/17) are less than 1-year events.

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Figure 5: Duration-Depth-Frequency (DDF) Plot, RG_UPT

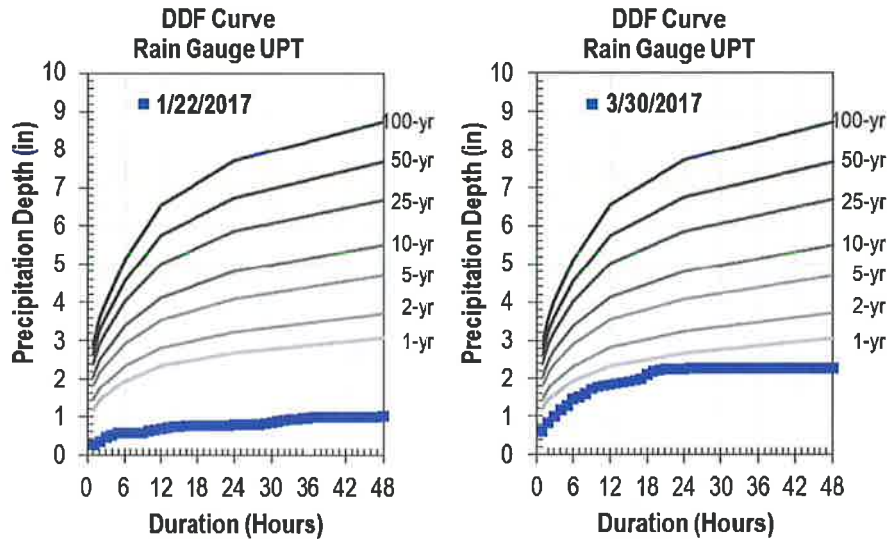


Figure 6 shows Duration-Depth-Frequency (DDF) plot for RG_ChesterPS. Only one storm (11/29/17) was recorded with a total precipitation volume greater than 1 inch. It is less than a 1-year event.

Figure 6: Duration-Depth-Frequency (DDF) Plot, RG_Chester PS

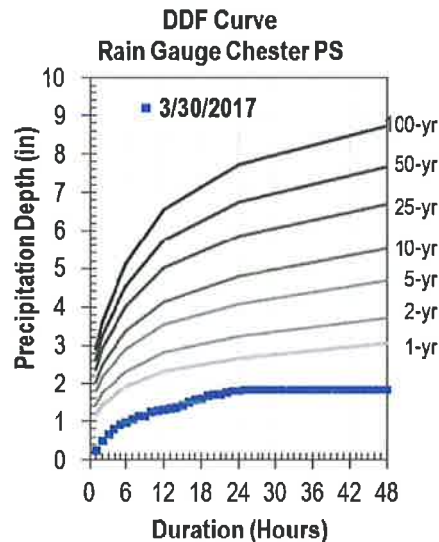
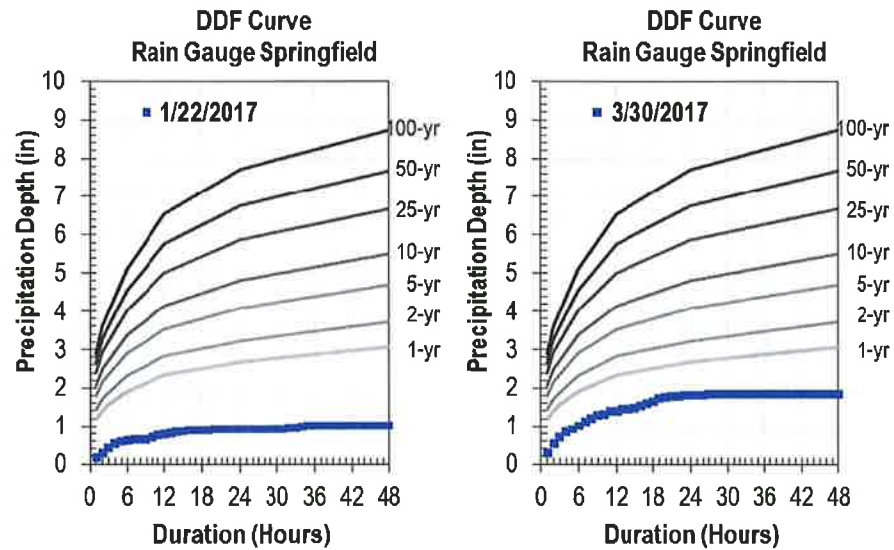


Figure 7 shows two Duration-Depth-Frequency (DDF) plots for RG_Springfield. Two storms (1/22/17 and 3/30/17) were recorded with a total precipitation volume greater than 1 inch. They are both less than a 1-year event.

Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 7: Duration-Depth-Frequency (DDF) Plot, RG_Springfield



Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Section 3 Flow Meter Monitoring

3.1 Flow Monitoring Program

The site locations of the existing and newly installed flow meters are shown in **Figure 8**. **Figure 9** shows the newly installed flow meters on a larger scale, mostly in the combined area. These new meters were installed to investigate surface runoff from the combined area and CSO discharges, rainfall-derived inflow and infiltration (RDII) from the separated area, and system response to the wet weather conditions. The schematic of the newly installed flow meters is included in **Figure 10**.

The newly installed flow meter locations are categorized into the following four types:

- Category 1: Located on the influent pipe to CSO regulators, this is to measure the influent flow to CSO regulators and for combined area runoff calibration. Sixteen (16) meters were installed for this category.
- Category 2: Located on the effluent pipe and overflow pipe of CSO regulators, this is to measure the CSO overflows and calibrate CSO regulator parameters. Twelve (12) meters were installed for this category. They are on the effluent and overflow pipe of CSOs 02, 03, 05, 08, 14, & 19.
- Category 3: Located on the side-line from the combined areas (flows from the combined area tie into interceptor instead of CSO regulator). This is to measure flows from the combined area and to calibrate combined area runoff parameters. Two (2) meters were installed for this category.
- Category 4: Located upstream of the combined area, this is to measure flows from the upstream separated area for RDII characterization. Three (3) meters were installed for this category.
- Category 5: Located in the main interceptors to measure level and flows in the major interceptors. Five (5) meters were installed for this category.

One meter was proposed at manhole MH3029 to measure flow from the separated area upstream of the combined area (CSO#018). The site was severely surcharged during field investigation. Meanwhile it was found that at manhole MH3002 (four manholes upstream of MH3029, approximately 800 feet upstream) another CSL flow meter (Ridley Creek MH-28) was already installed for DELCORA. It was determined that instead of installing a new flow meter around the site, the team will use the existing meter Ridley Creek MH-28 for this flow monitoring program.

In total, 39 flow meters are included in this monitoring program. Details of the installed flow meters are included in **Table 3**.

3.2 Flow Meters Field Calibration/Verification Procedures

As part of the operation of flow meters, verifications of meter accuracy are performed on a regular basis. Calibrations are performed at a minimum every eight weeks, or more as needed.

The procedure used for performing meter calibrations is outlined below. This procedure only defines the required result. Any specific equipment function issues should be referred to the equipment manual or the manufacturer's technical support department.

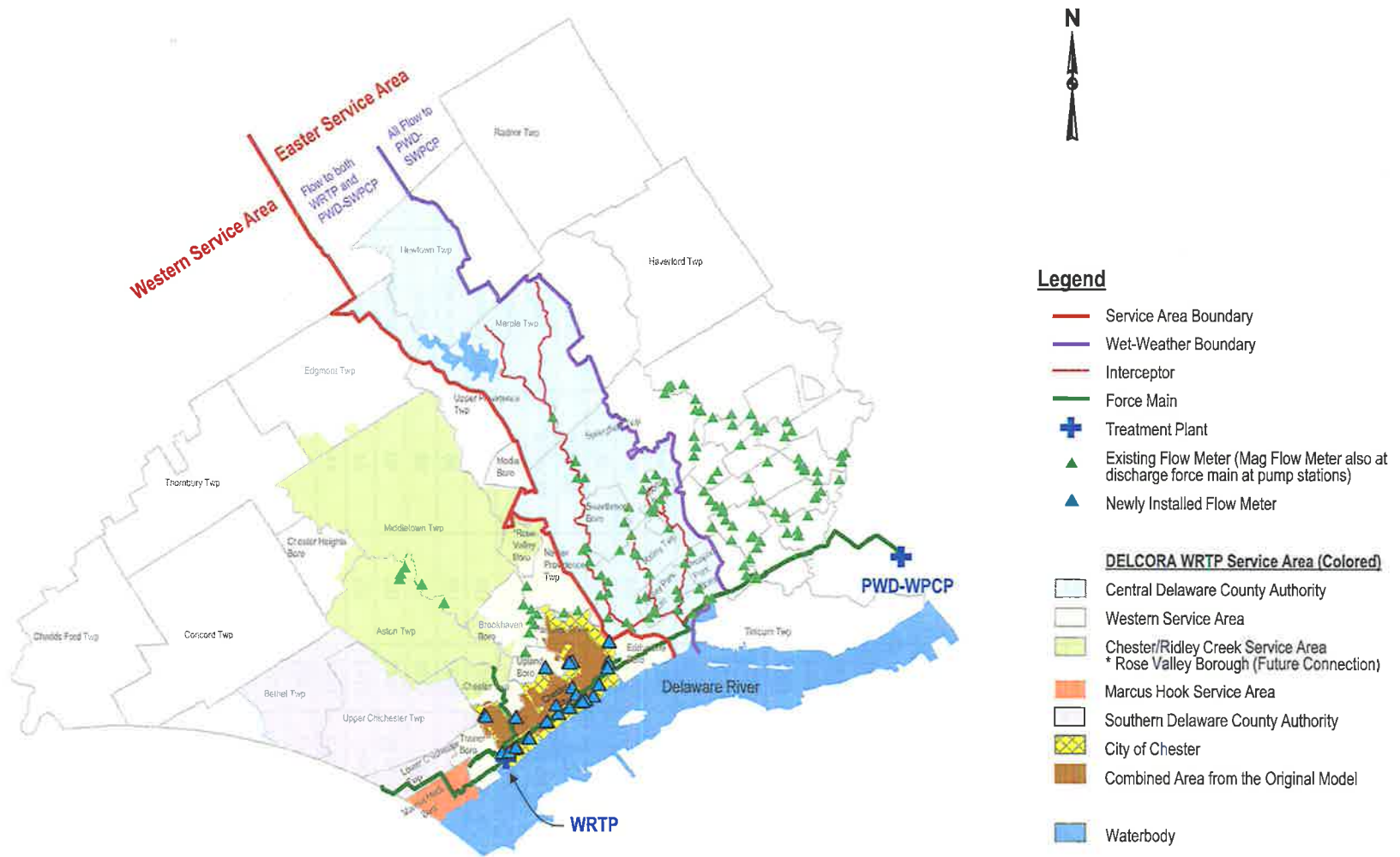
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Table 3: Details of the Newly Installed Flow Meters

Meter ID	GIS ID	Location	Pipe Size (in)	Material	Evidence of Surcharge	Category
CSO 02	3462	DS	36	Brick	Yes	2
CSO 03	2726	DS	38	Brick	Yes	2
CSO 05	2634	DS	48	Concrete	Yes	2
CSO 08	3463	DS	60	Concrete	Yes	2
CSO 14	3481	DS	45"x53"	Brick	Yes	2
CSO 19	690	DS	42"x43"	Concrete	Yes	2
Eff-02	3460	US	8	Clay	Yes	2
Eff-03	3454	DS	14.25	Concrete	Yes	2
Eff-05	2635	DS	12	Concrete	Yes	2
Eff-08	2246	DS	18.2	PVC	Yes	2
Eff-14	3482	DS	18	Concrete	Yes	2
Eff-19	***	DS	36	Concrete	Yes	2
In-03	2721	US	36	Brick	Yes	1
In-05	2634	US	28	Brick	Yes	1
In-08	3463	US	60	Concrete	Yes	1
In-09	1987	US	48	Cast Iron	Yes	1
In-10	1670	US	36	Brick	Yes	1
In-11	1770	US	49	Cast Iron	Yes	1
In-13	3479	US	48	Concrete	Yes	1
In-14	3481	DS	43"x47"	Brick	Yes	1
In-16	752	US	60	Concrete	No	1
In-17	691	US	36	Brick	Yes	1
In-18	3033	US	66"x43"	Concrete	Yes	1
In-19-1	625	DS	49"x47.5"	Clay	No	1
In-19-2	688	US	42"	Concrete	Yes	1
In-2	2751	DS	36	Corrugated PVC	No	1
In-25	3502	US	36	Concrete	Yes	1
In-26	1192	US	36	Brick	No	1
INT- 2nd St	1548	DS	40	Concrete	No	5
INT-DRI	2743	US	24	Clay	Yes	5
INT-Ridley 2	1487	US	44	Concrete	Yes	5
INT-Ridley 3	1509	US	48	Concrete	Yes	5
INT-WestEnd	2755	US	53	Concrete	No	5
Sep-1	2135	US	15	Clay	Yes	4
Sep-2	2134	DS	12	Clay	No	4
Sep-3	798	US	24	Clay	No	4
Sep-4 (Existing, Ridley Creek MH-28)			30	Concrete	No	4
Side-1	1571	US	36	Concrete	No	3
Side-2	2135	US	8	Clay	Yes	3

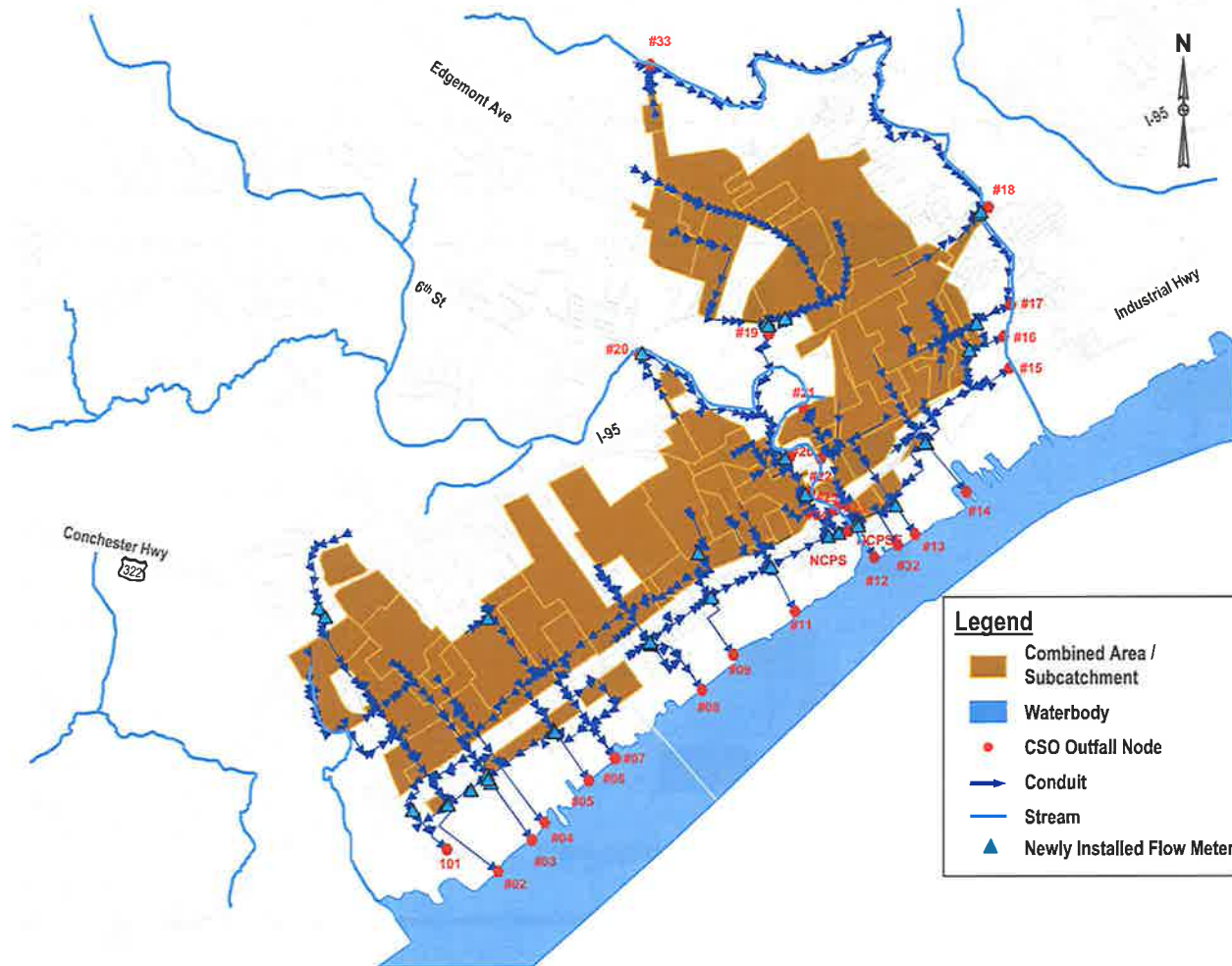
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Figure 8: Existing and Newly Installed Flow Meter Locations



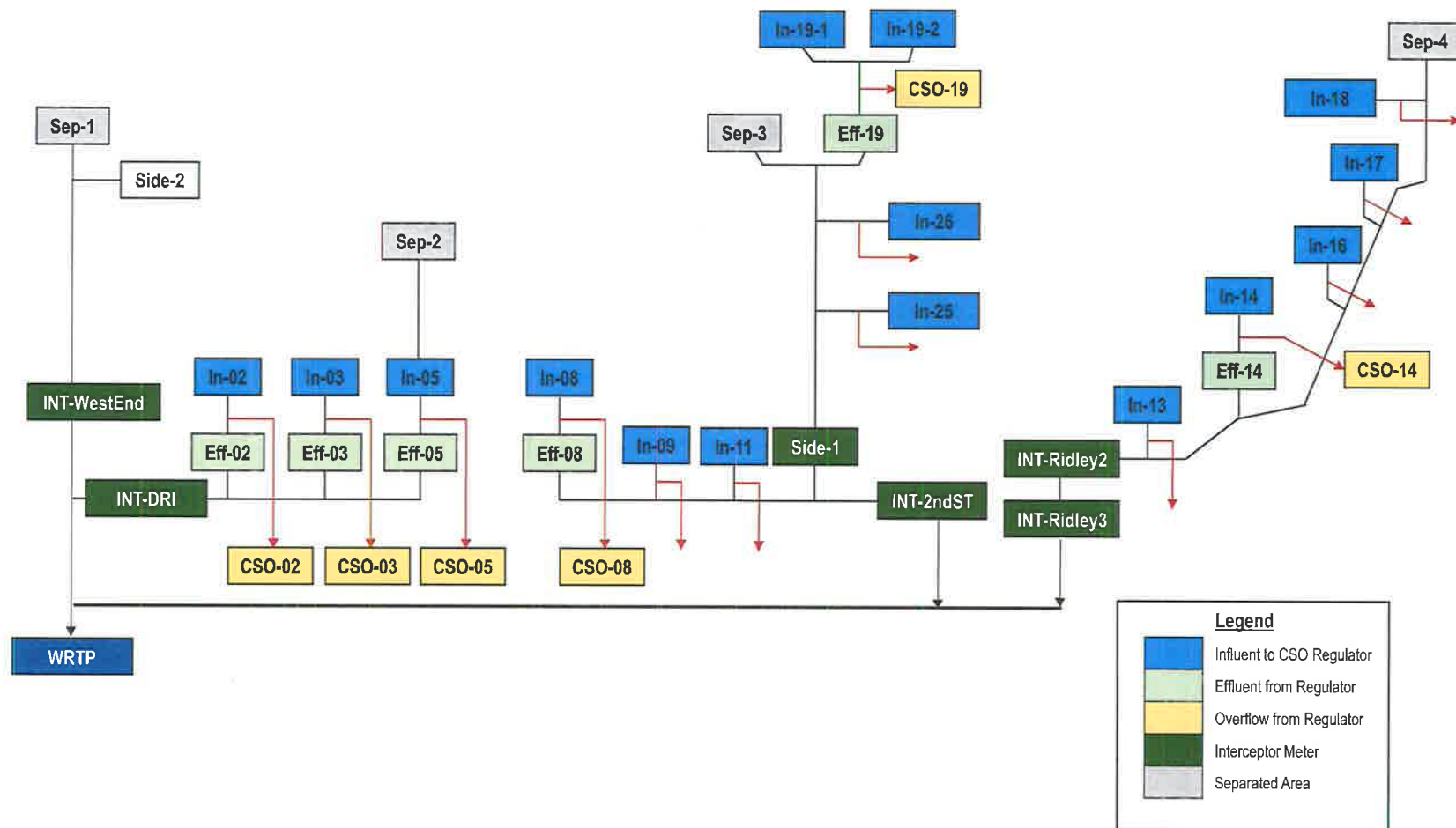
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 9: Newly Installed Flow Meter Locations



Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 10: Flow Monitoring Schematic



Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Manually Downloaded Meters

This method is used for any meter that cannot be interrogated remotely by the data analyst. Field technicians use the *Daily Field Download Sheet* for recording the calibration results.

- Record the date.
- Record the field time, which is the local time.
- Record the meter time.
- Record the instantaneous depth reading from the meter.
- Measure the peak velocity.
- Record the instantaneous average or peak, whichever is applicable.
- Note any service performed at the site, included sensor scrubbing.

The resulting meter readings should be within 0.25" for depth and within 10% for peak-to-peak or average-to-average for velocity. Should readings be outside these guidelines, troubleshooting is conducted per the manufacturer guidelines. If this does not resolve the discrepancy, the data manager is notified.

Remote Connection Meters

This method is used for any meter that can be interrogated remotely. The data analyst uses the *Daily Field Download Sheet* for single depth and velocity meters and the *Multi-Sensor Calibration Sheet* for meter types that record multiple depth and/or velocity readings.

- Fill all site visit information fields on form.
- Have the field tech measure the depth of flow and record with time.
- Record the time and instantaneous depth reading from the meter or the depth sensor, whichever is applicable. All available depth sensors should be activated and compared to the field measurement.
- Have the field tech measure the peak the velocity or have them perform a velocity profile if the depth is sufficient then record with time.
- Record the time and instantaneous velocity reading from the meter or the velocity sensor, whichever is applicable. All available velocity sensors should be activated and compared to the field measurement.
- Note any service performed at the site, included sensor scrubbing.

The resulting meter readings should be within 0.25" for depth and within 10% for peak-to-peak or average-to-average for velocity. Should readings be outside these guidelines, troubleshooting is conducted per the manufacturer guidelines. If this does not resolve the discrepancy, the data manager is notified.

Special Cases

- **Blind Verifications:** A blind verification occurs when a field technician's only role is to measure the depth and velocity of the flow and report the values to the data analyst. In these cases, the crew is "blind" to what the meter is reading. The data analyst will then compare the readings to current/recent data or live readings. Should the blind verification be out of tolerance, the analyst can direct the crew to perform additional blind verifications or perform a conventional verification and/or troubleshoot as necessary.

Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

- Installations/Removals: When installing or removing meters, the above calibration method should be used for three consecutive verifications, performed at 5 minute intervals.
- Third Party Audit: When performing a calibration at a meter that is not maintained by CSL and where CSL is to verify the meter function, the CSL Audit report should be used.

3.3 Flow Monitoring Data Summary

Flow, level and velocity data are received for each flow monitoring site at 5-minute intervals (Sep-4 has 15-min interval data). Metering data is analyzed for dry weather flows (DWF), hourly peak flows, and hourly peaking factors for each monitoring site. A “dry weather” condition was defined as a period with no precipitation that begins three days after the last wet weather event and lasts until the beginning of the next precipitation event.

Table 4 shows dry weather flow (DWF), hourly peak flow, hourly peaking factor and flow condition observations.

The dry weather flows are also shown in the schematic in **Figure 11**. Generally the downstream dry weather flow is greater than the upstream locations for all of the meters. For meters immediately upstream and downstream of CSO regulators, the upstream and downstream dry weather flows should be similar. **Figure 12** shows the influent and effluent from CSO#08 as an example to indicate that the dry weather of the two are similar.

The hourly peaking factor in the combined area is in the range of 7 to 99 and average at 27. The hourly peaking factor for the interceptor is between 2.8 and 5.2 with an average of 3.9. The hourly peaking factor is between 2.7 and 3.6 for the separated area, with an average of 3.1.

A detailed hydrograph and scattergraph for each flow monitoring site is shown in **Figure 13** to **Figure 51**, each includes:

- The flow hydrographs show hourly flow and rainfall profile. Hourly Rainfall data is included for the convenience of reviewing flow response to the wet weather conditions. Hourly flow and rainfall were calculated from the 5-min interval.
- The scattergraphs (based on 5-min data, excepting 15-min data for Sep-4) are essentially a plotting of flow rate versus depth. This plotting helps to understand the flow patterns and conditions on the individual monitored sewer pipes.
- For CSOs 02, 03, 05, 08, 14, & 19, flows including influent, effluent and overflows were plotted in the same plot.

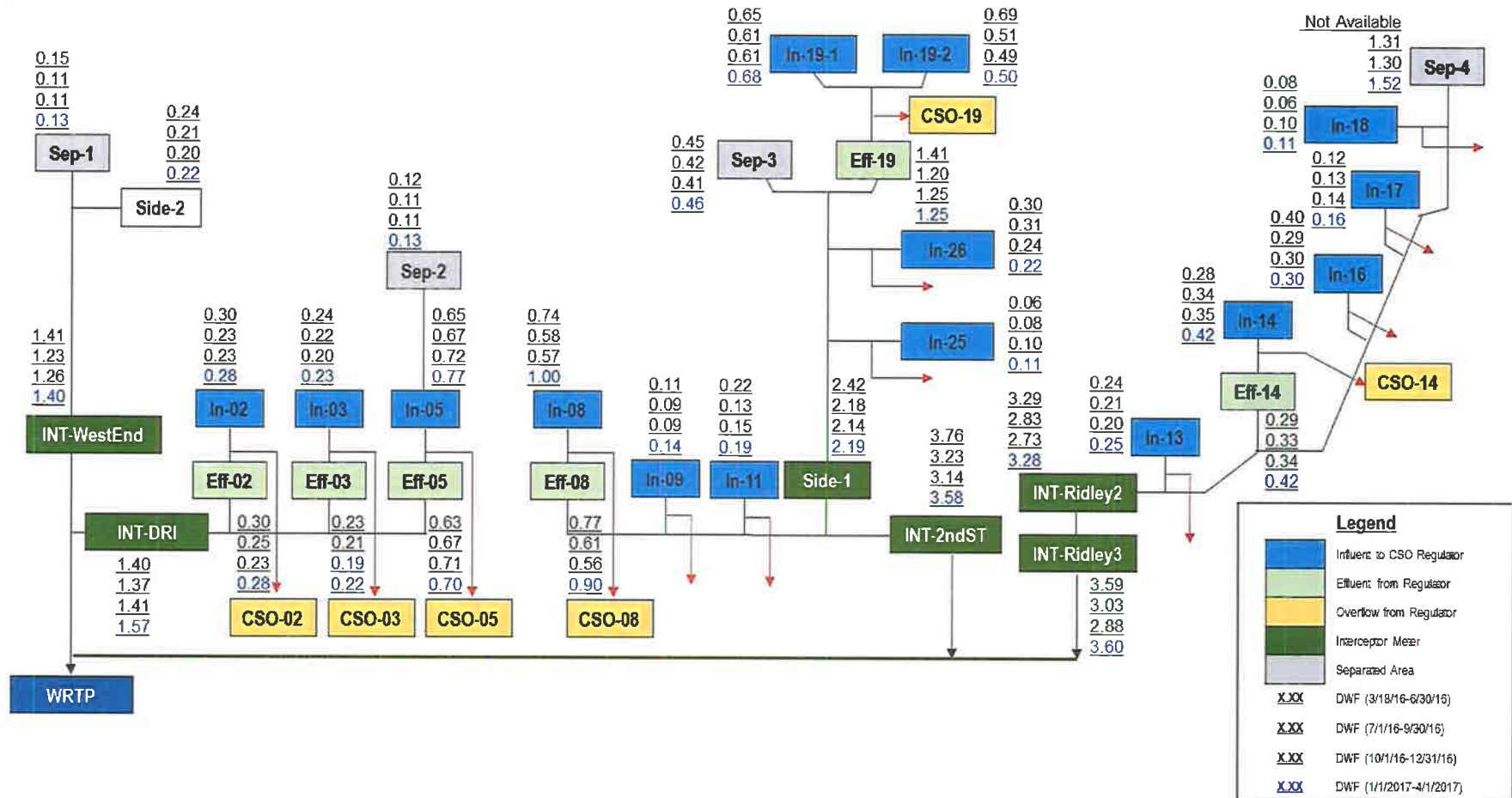
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Table 4: Flow Monitoring Summary

Meter ID	Hourly Peak (MGD)DWF	DWF (MGD)	Hourly Peaking Factor	Comments
In-02	6.66	0.28	23.66	Free flow most of the time
Eff-02	0.68	0.28	2.43	Surcharged under common conditions
CSO-02	4.86	0.01		Free flow most of the time
In-03	4.94	0.23	21.49	Free flow most of the time
Eff-03	0.67	0.22	3.02	Surcharged under large storms
CSO-03	3.76	0.00		Free flow most of the time
In-05	12.00	0.77	15.65	Backwater observed
Eff-05	2.55	0.70	3.66	Severely surcharged under common conditions
CSO-05	10.83	0.01		Free flow most of the time, backwater observed
In-08	17.92	1.00	17.98	Free flow most of the time
Eff-08	6.55	0.90	7.25	Free flow most of the time
CSO-08	10.22	0.02		Free flow most of the time
In-09	5.54	0.14	40.05	Free flow most of the time
In-10	4.18	0.17	24.72	Free flow most of the time
In-11	6.09	0.19	32.57	Free flow most of the time
In-13	29.03	0.25	115.46	Free flow most of the time, backwater during large storms
In-14	7.50	0.42	17.66	Backwater observed
Eff-14	4.97	0.42	11.86	Free flow mostly, backwater and surcharge during large storms
CSO-14	3.04	0.00		Free flow most of the time
In-16	3.36	0.30	11.33	Free flow most of the time, backwater during large storms
In-17	4.81	0.16	29.36	Backwater observed
In-18	9.67	0.11	91.49	Free flow most of the time
In-19-1	6.49	0.68	9.53	Free flow most of the time
In-19-2	6.31	0.50	12.71	Free flow most of the time
Eff-19	3.66	1.25	2.92	Free flow most of the time
CSO-19	11.53	0.01		Free flow most of the time
In-25	5.94	0.11	55.13	Free flow mostly, backwater observed
In-26	4.47	0.22	20.41	Free flow mostly
INT-2nd St	12.85	3.58	3.59	Free flow mostly, surcharge and backwater during large storms
INT-DRI	3.47	1.57	2.21	Severe surcharge and backwater observed
INT-Ridley 2	15.86	3.28	4.84	Free flow mostly, surcharge and backwater observed
INT-Ridley 3	17.64	3.60	4.90	Free flow mostly, surcharge and backwater observed
INT-WEI	7.16	1.40	5.10	Free flow mostly
Sep-1	0.78	0.13	5.83	Free flow mostly
Sep-2	0.61	0.13	4.66	Free flow mostly
Sep-3	2.40	0.46	5.21	Free flow mostly
Sep-4	5.64	1.52	3.70	Free flow mostly
Side-1	7.36	2.19	3.37	Free flow mostly, surcharge and backwater observed
Side-2	1.08	0.22	4.82	Free flow mostly

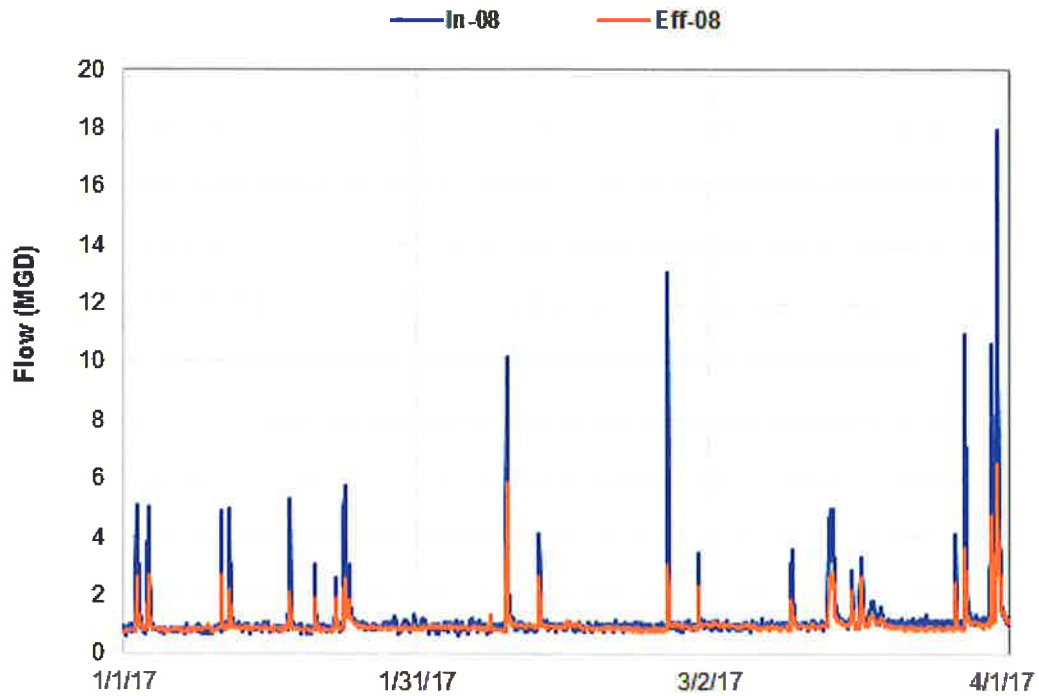
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 11: Dry Weather Flow Balance Schematic



Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

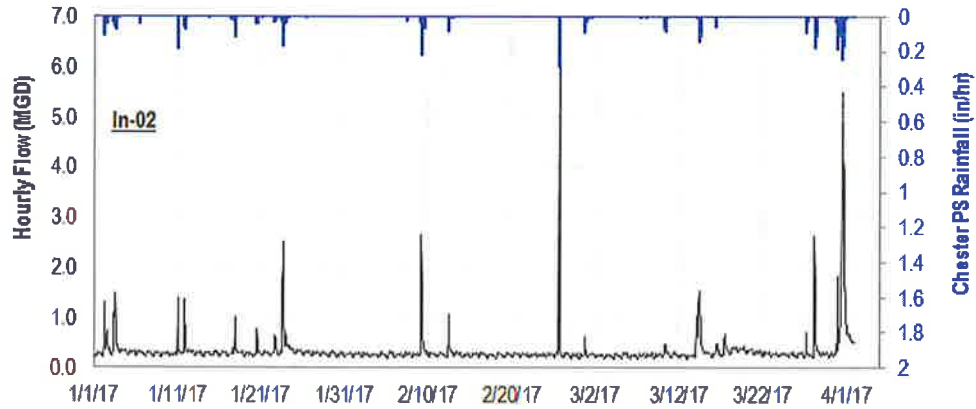
Figure 12: Flow Hydrograph In-08 and Eff-08



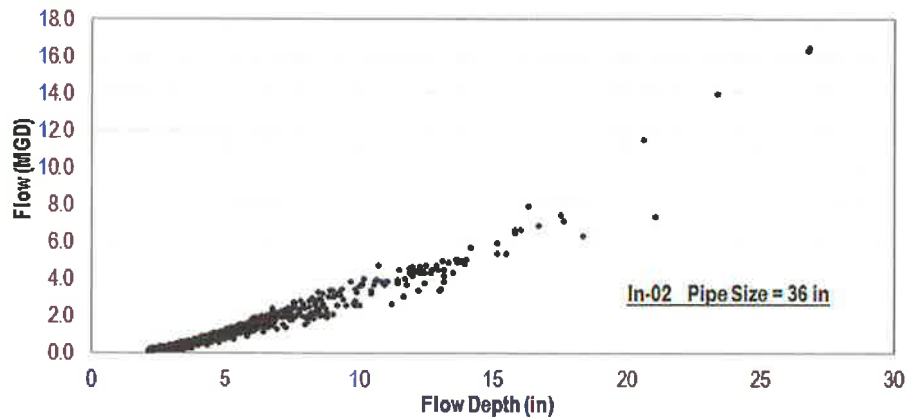
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 13: Flow Monitoring Data, In-02

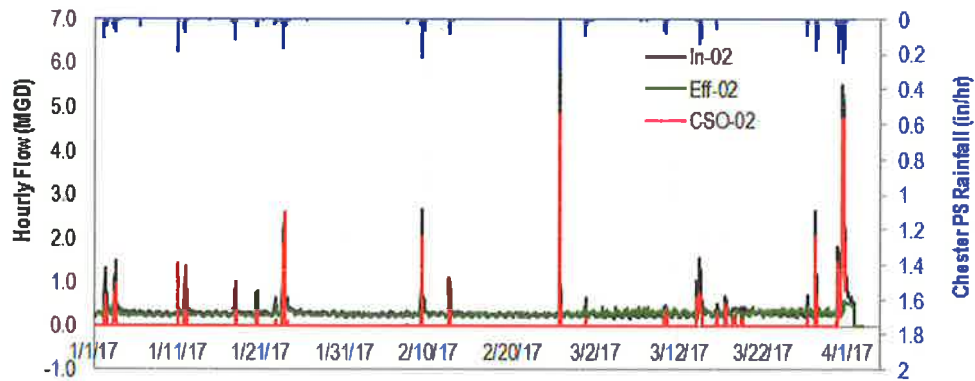
Hourly Hydrograph



Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



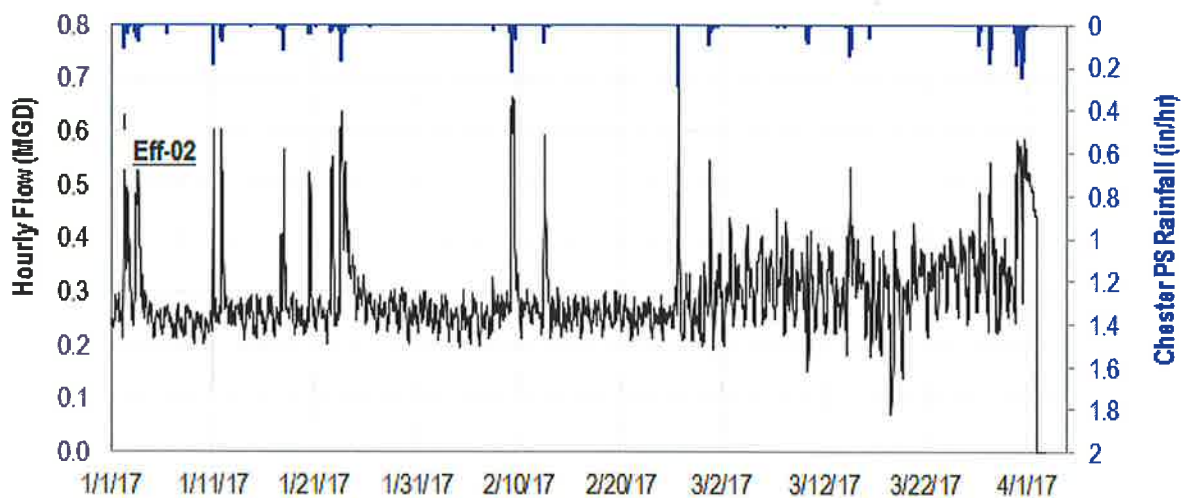
CSO#02 Influent, Effluent and Overflow



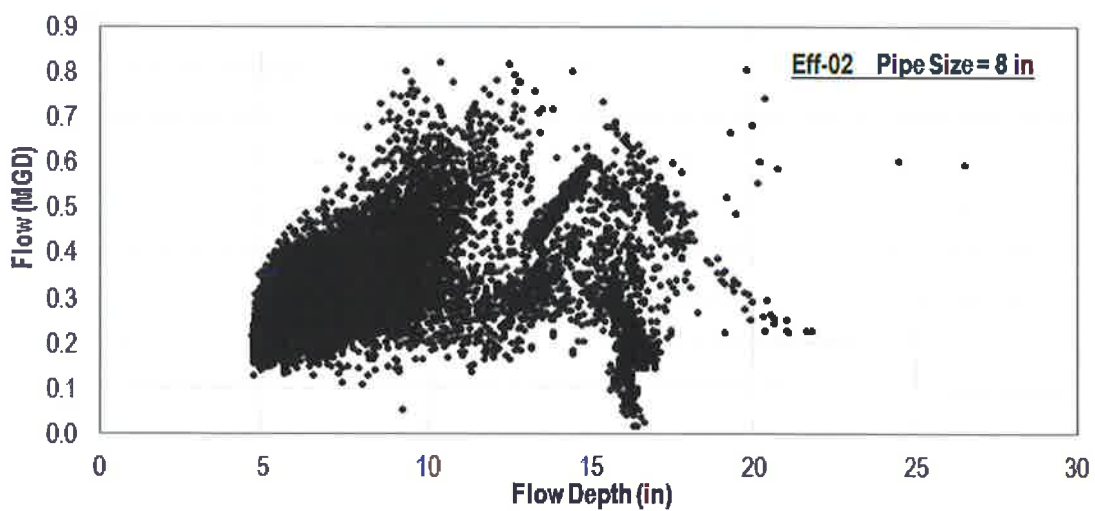
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 14: Flow Monitoring Data, EFF-02

Hourly Hydrograph



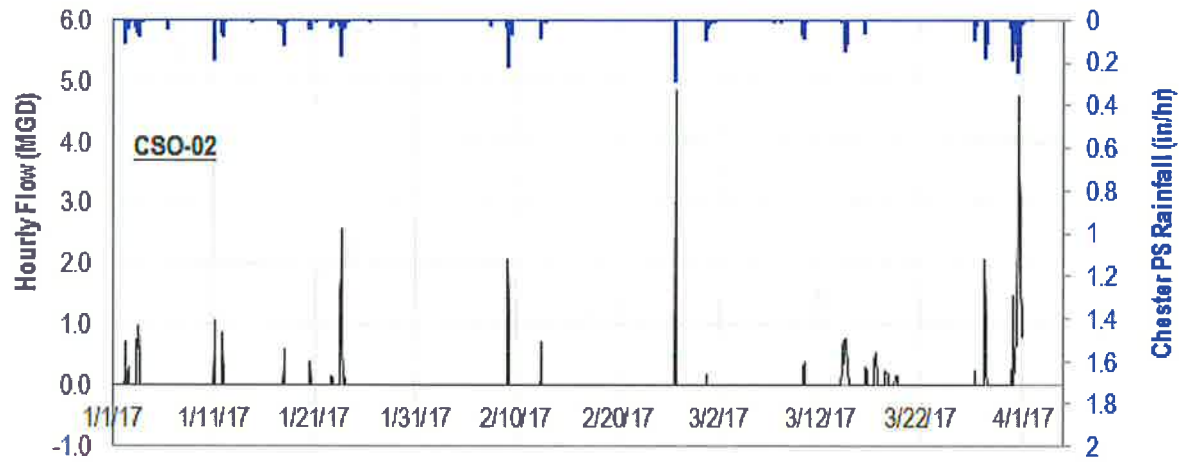
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



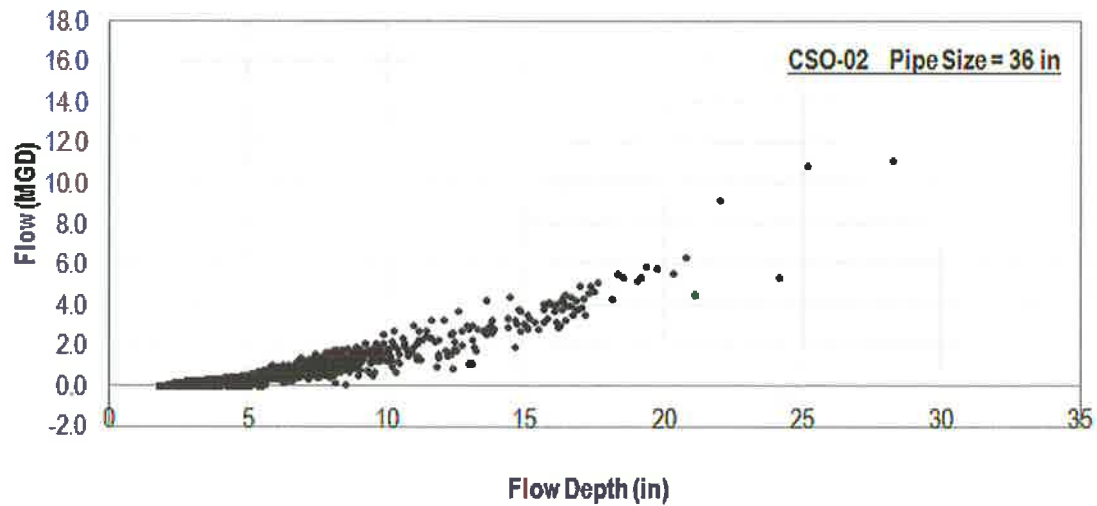
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 15: Flow Monitoring Data, CSO-02

Hourly Hydrograph



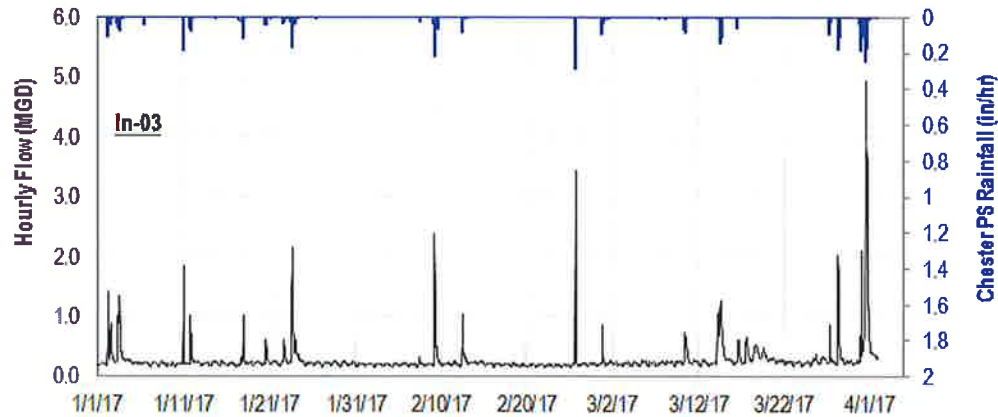
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



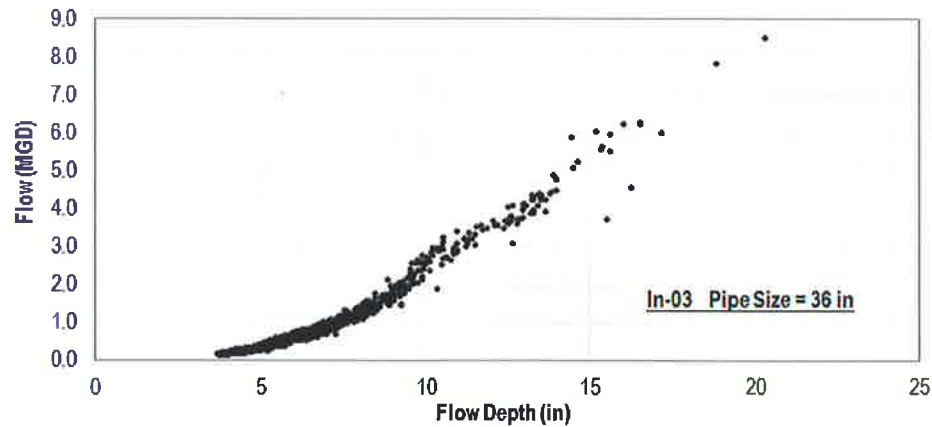
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 16: Flow Monitoring Data, IN-03

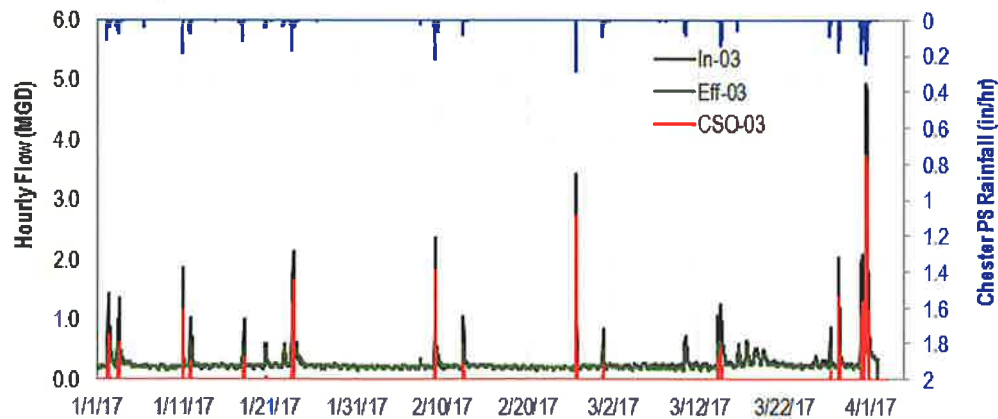
Hourly Hydrograph



Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



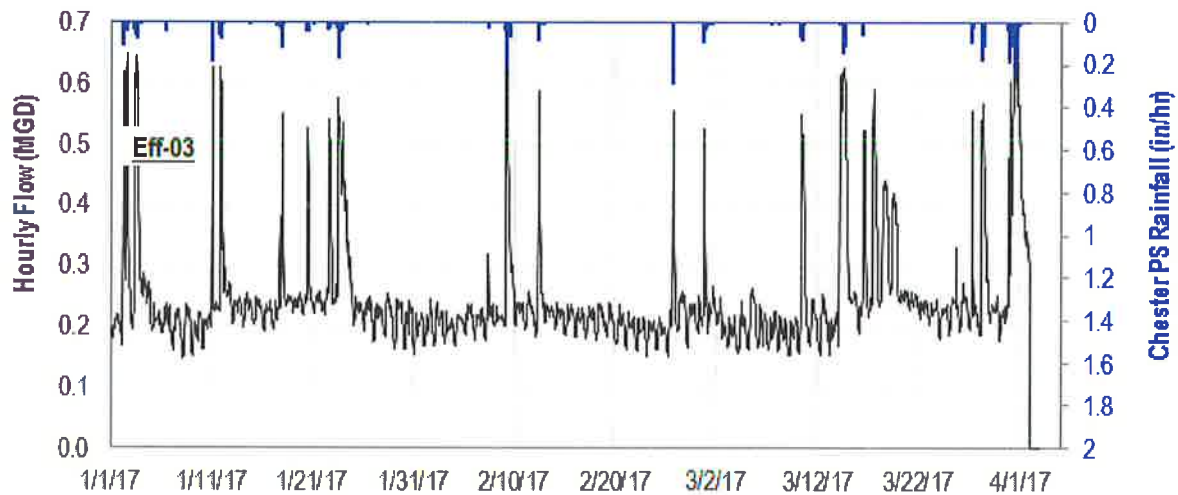
CSO#03 Influent, Effluent and Overflow



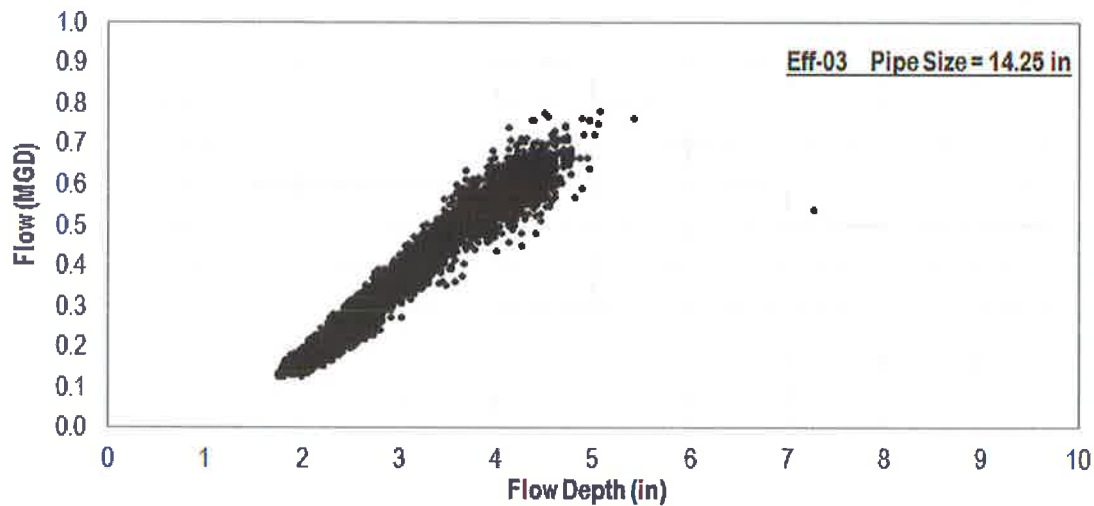
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 17: Flow Monitoring Data, Eff-03

Hourly Hydrograph



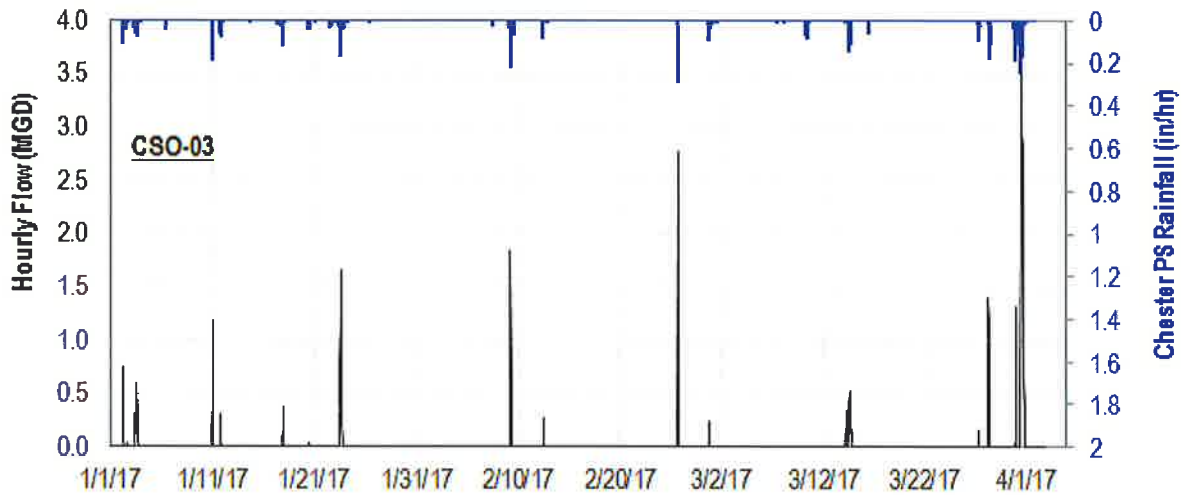
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



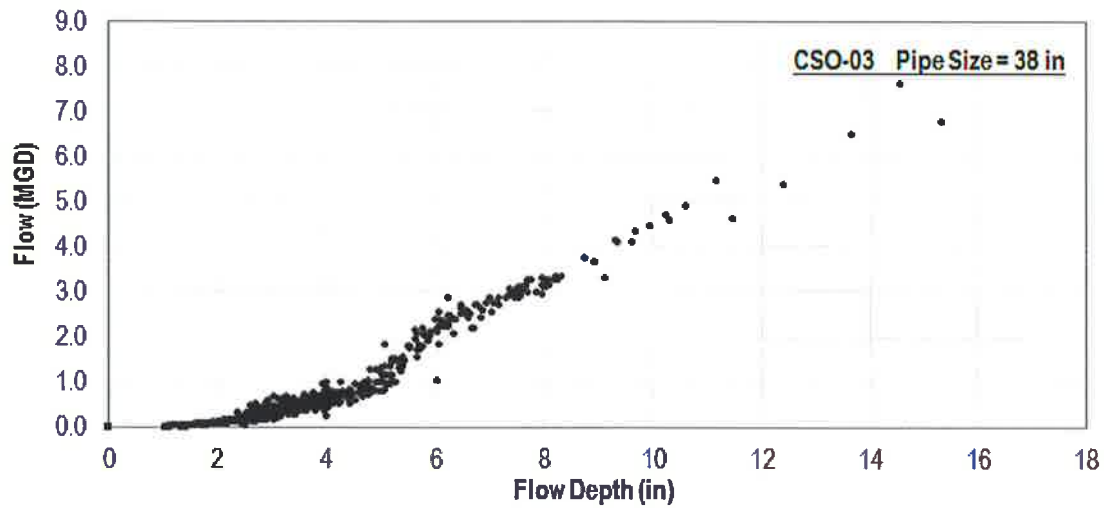
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 18: Flow Monitoring Data, CSO-03

Hourly Hydrograph



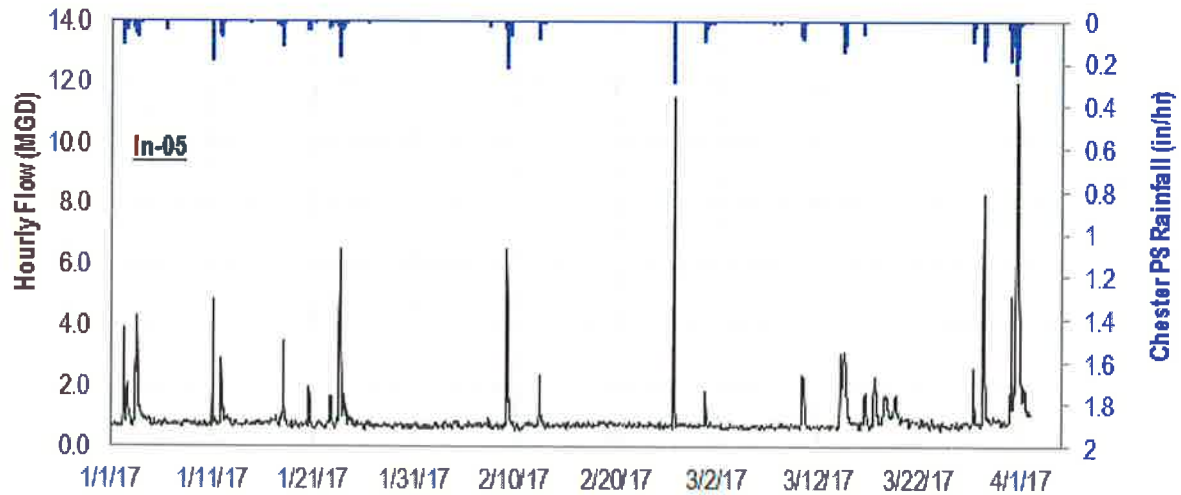
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



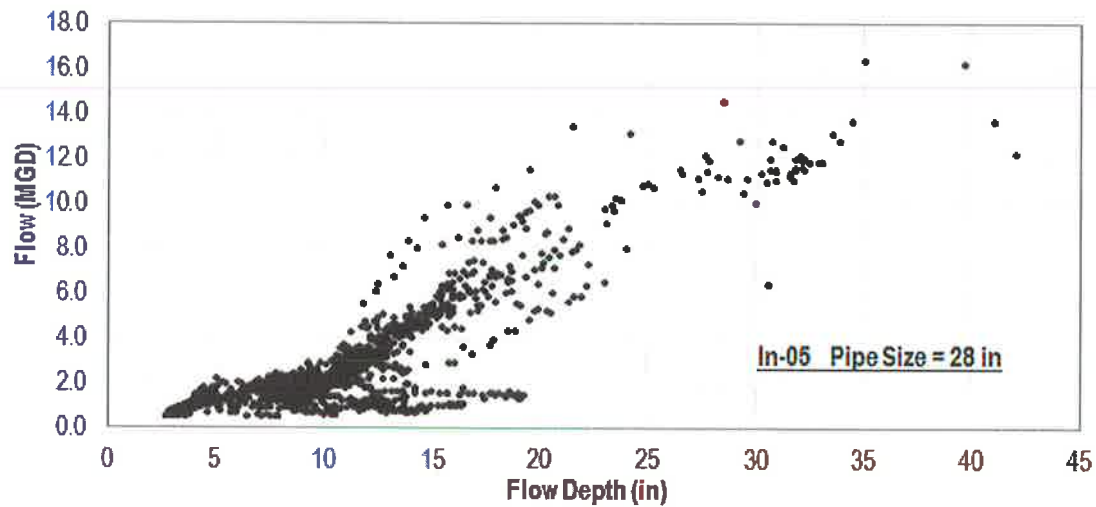
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 19: Flow Monitoring Data, IN-05

Hourly Hydrograph



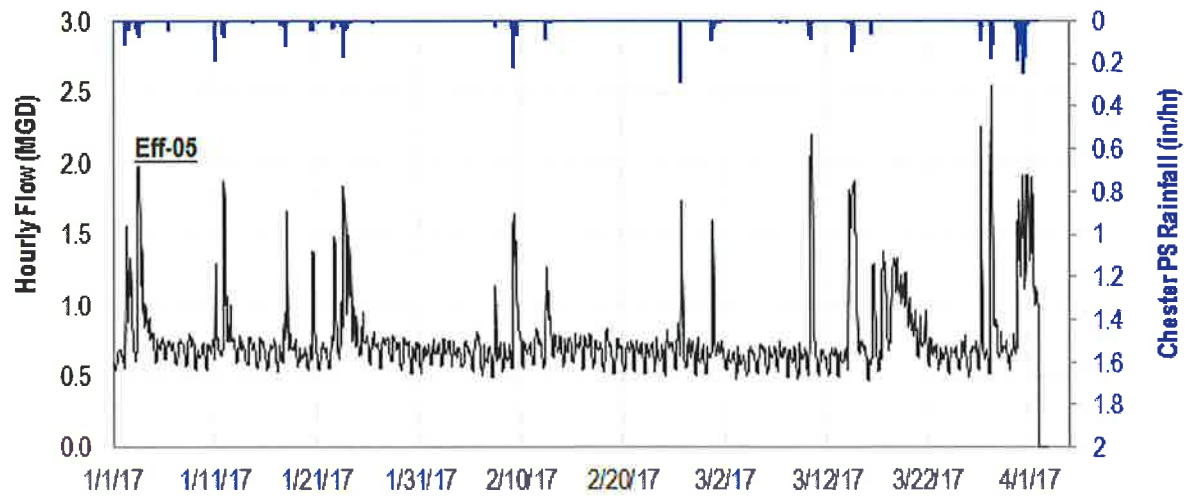
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



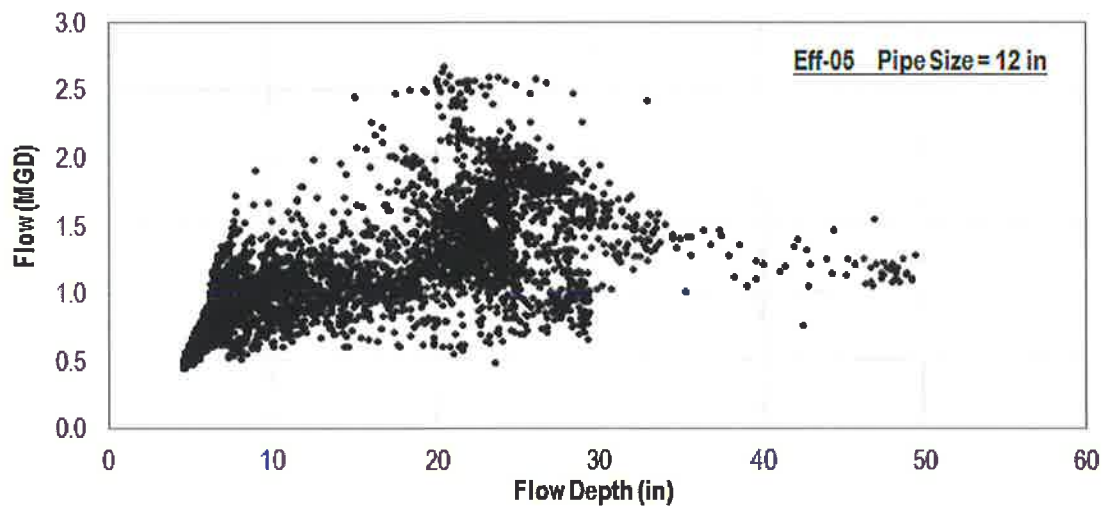
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 20: Flow Monitoring Data, Eff-05

Hourly Hydrograph



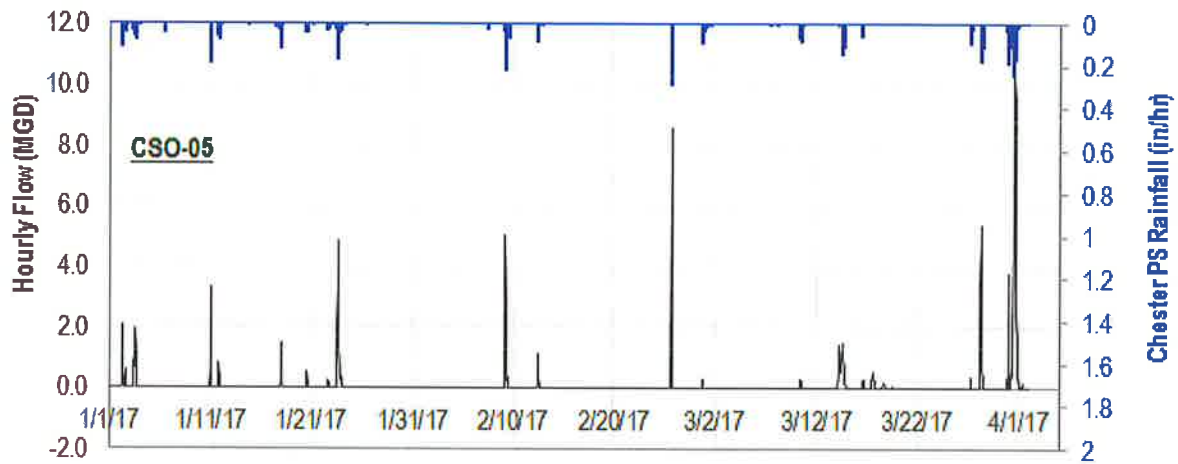
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



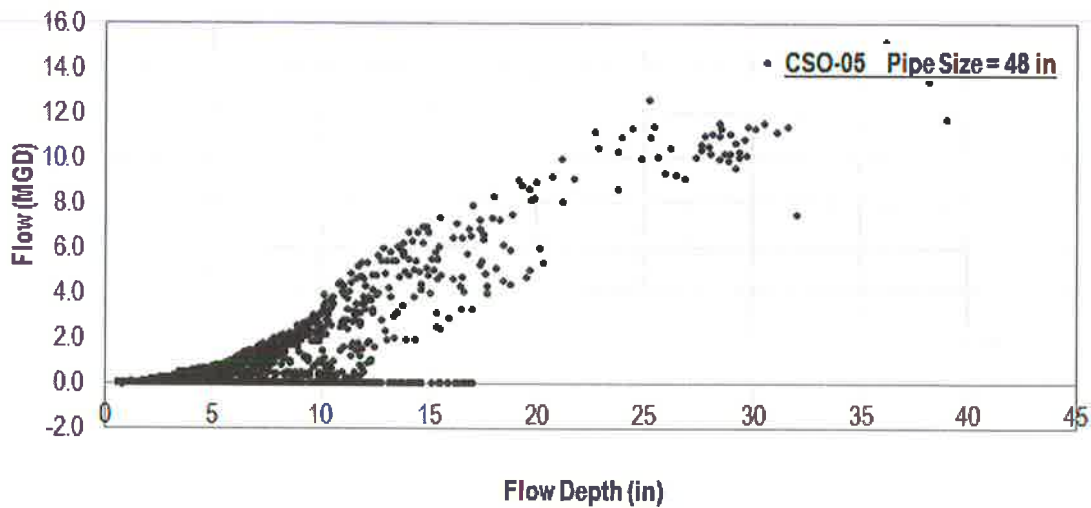
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 21: Flow Monitoring Data, CSO-05

Hourly Hydrograph



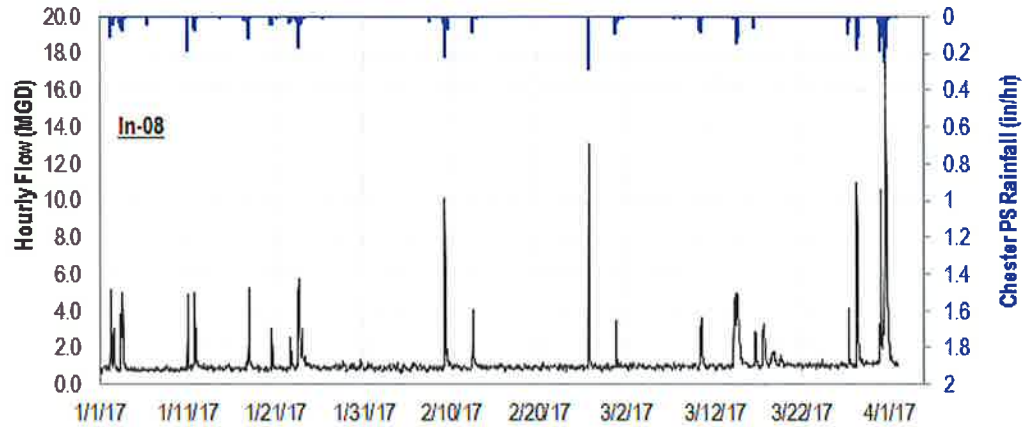
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



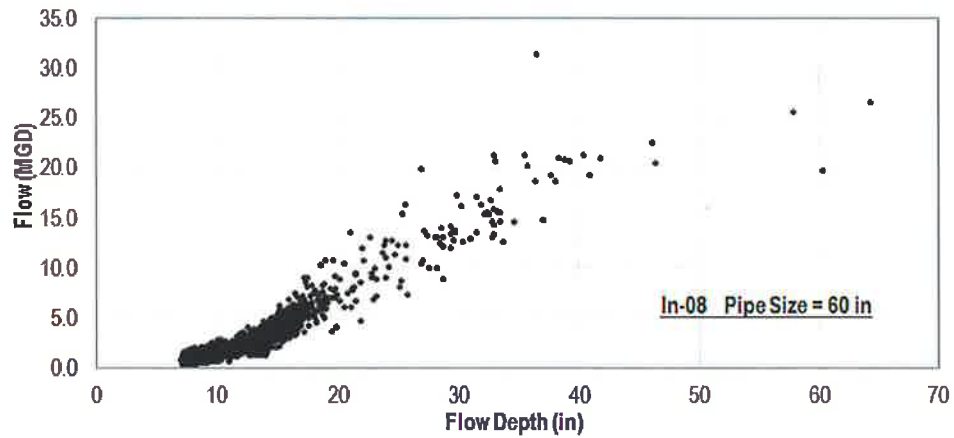
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 22: Flow Monitoring Data, IN-08

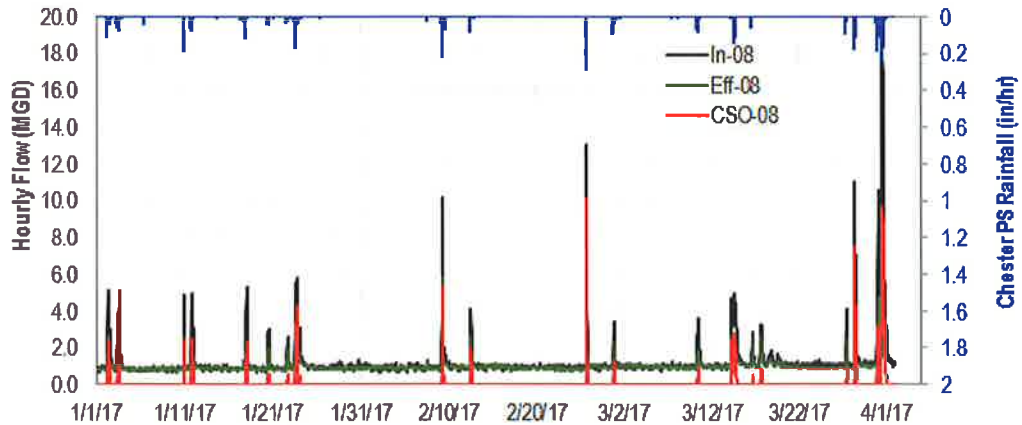
Hourly Hydrograph



Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



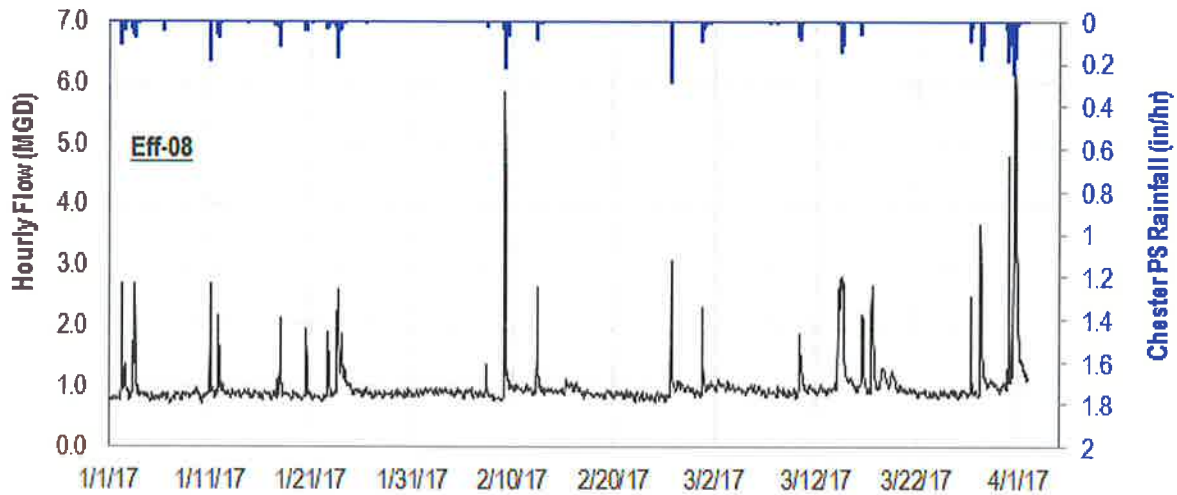
CSO#08 Influent, Effluent and Overflow



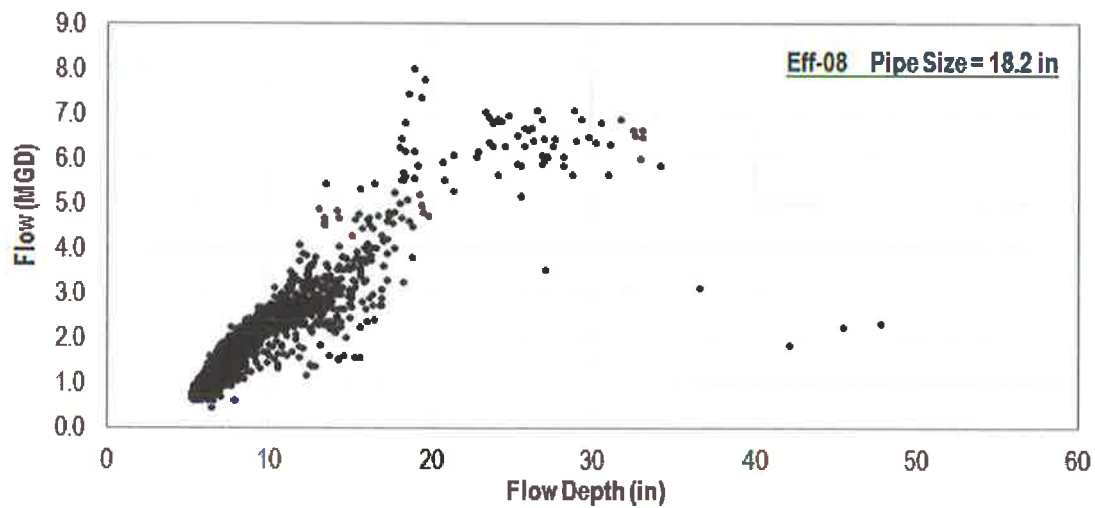
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 23: Flow Monitoring Data, Eff-08

Hourly Hydrograph



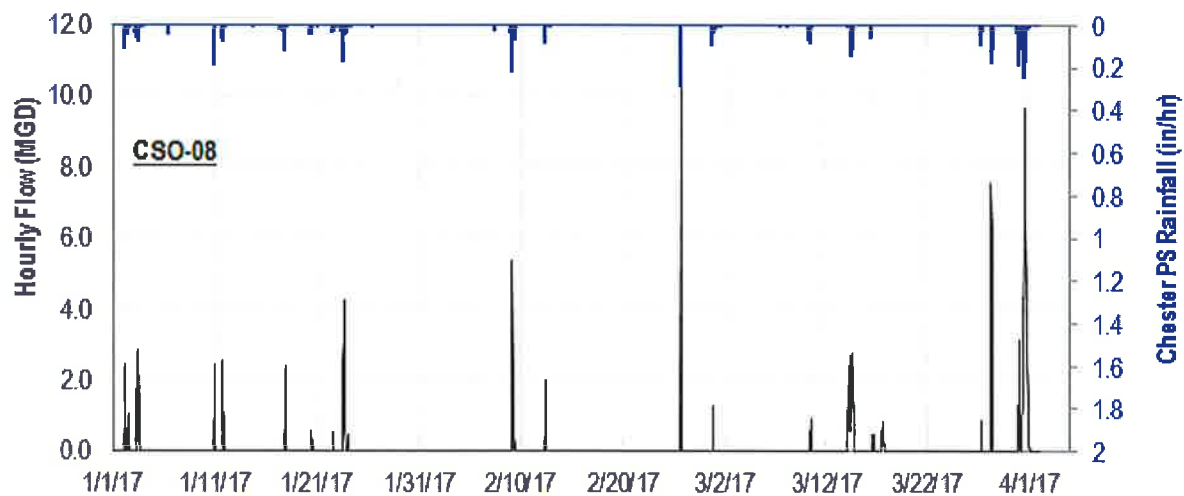
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



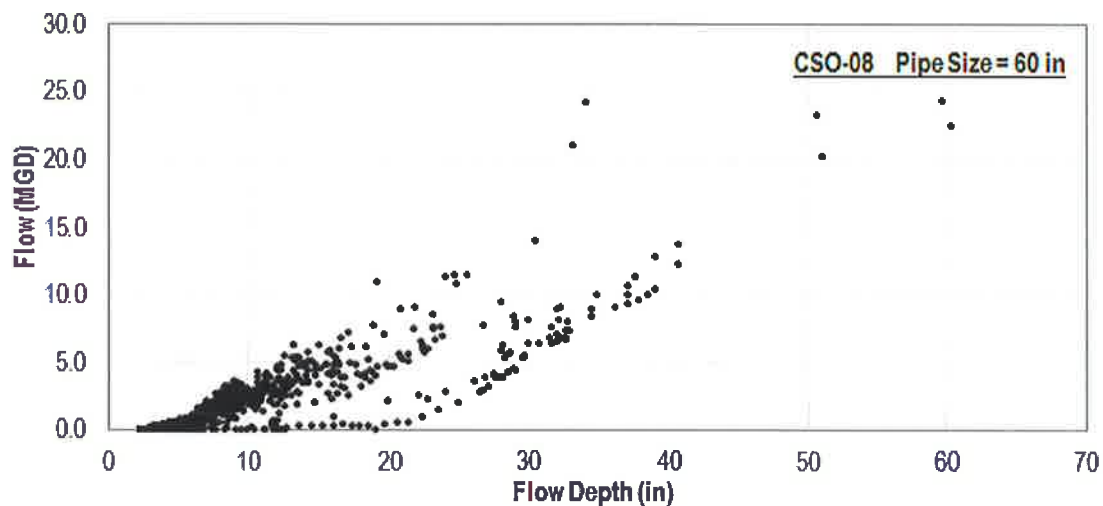
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 24: Flow Monitoring Data, CSO-08

Hourly Hydrograph



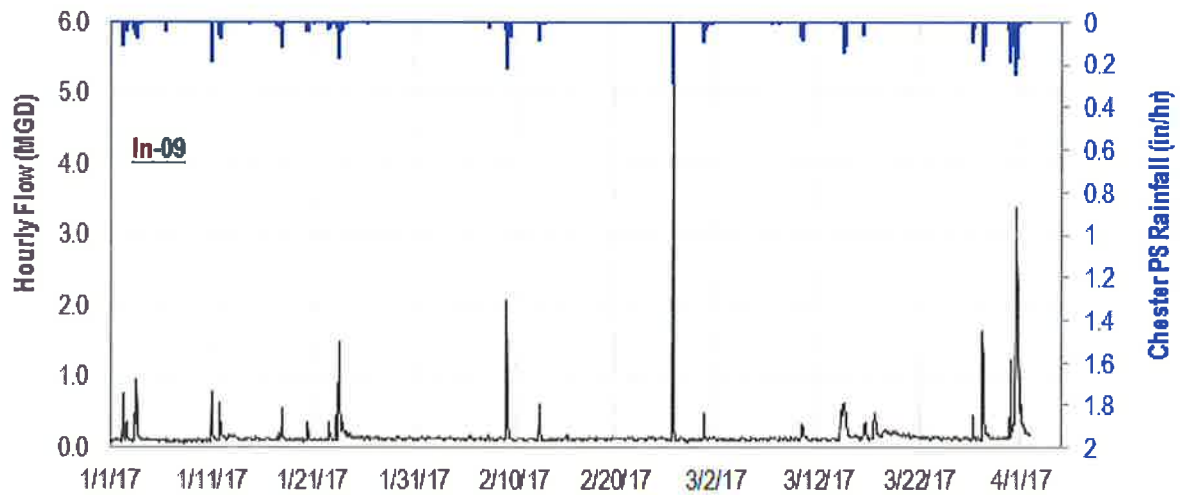
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



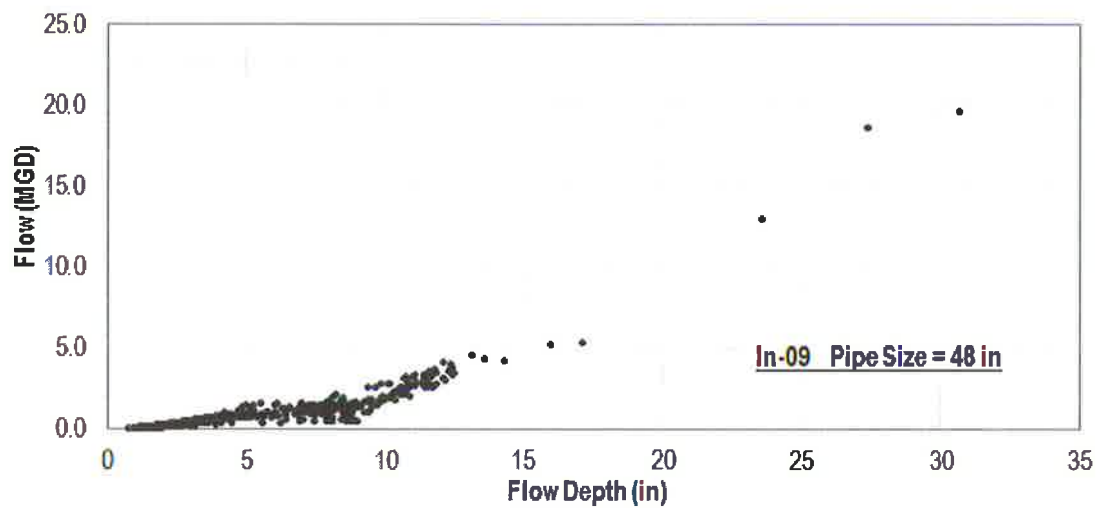
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 25: Flow Monitoring Data, In-09

Hourly Hydrograph



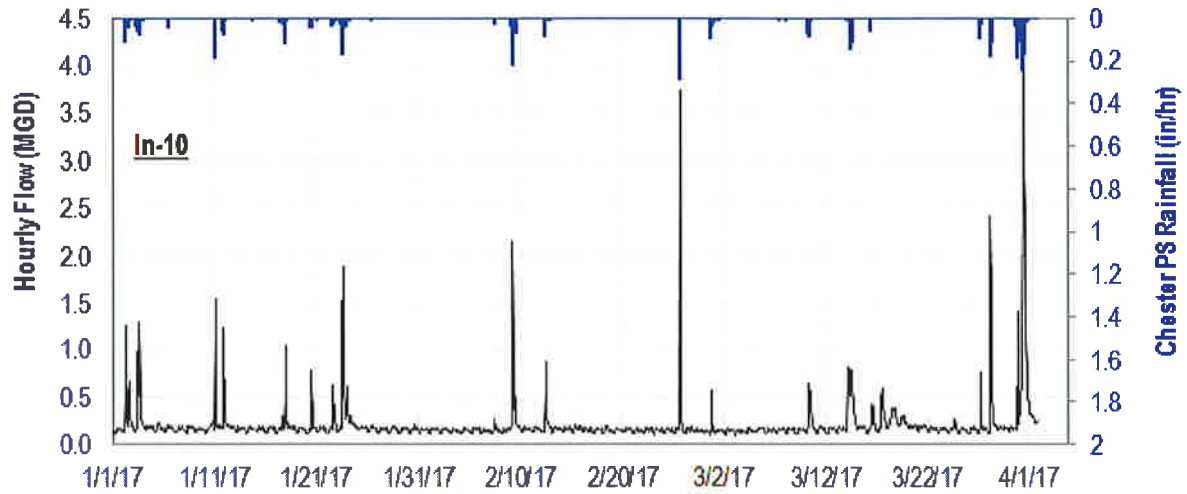
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



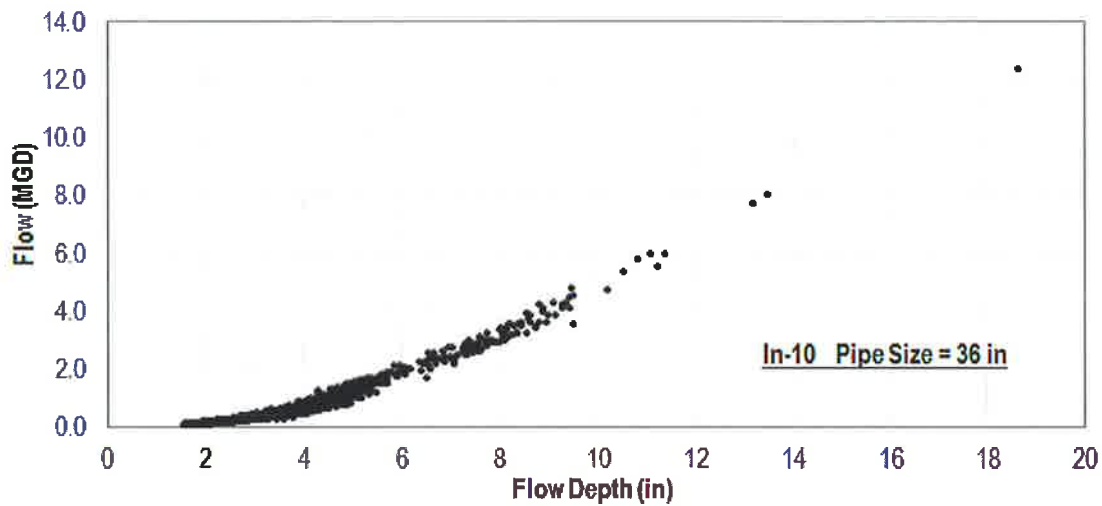
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 26: Flow Monitoring Data, In-10

Hourly Hydrograph



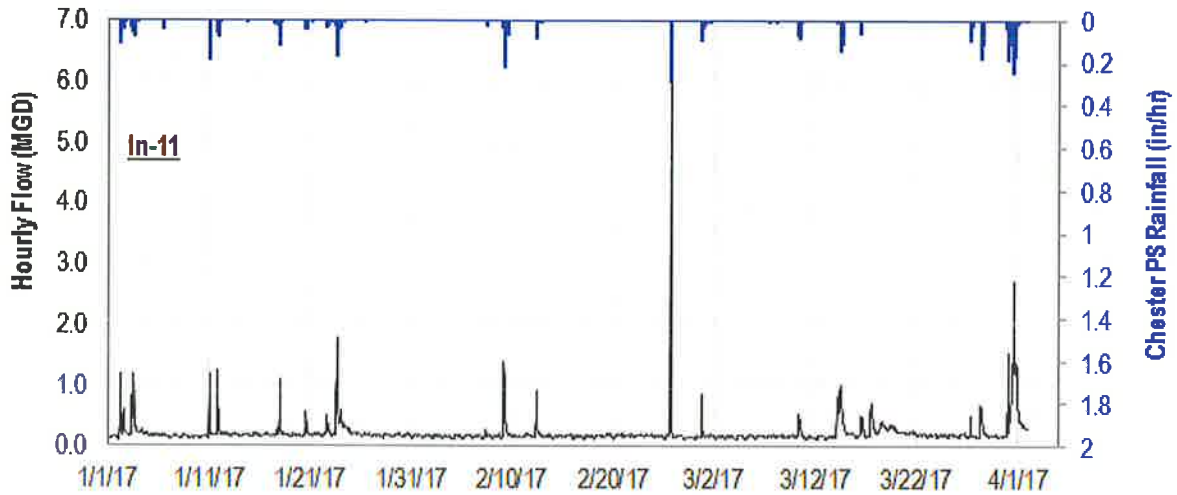
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



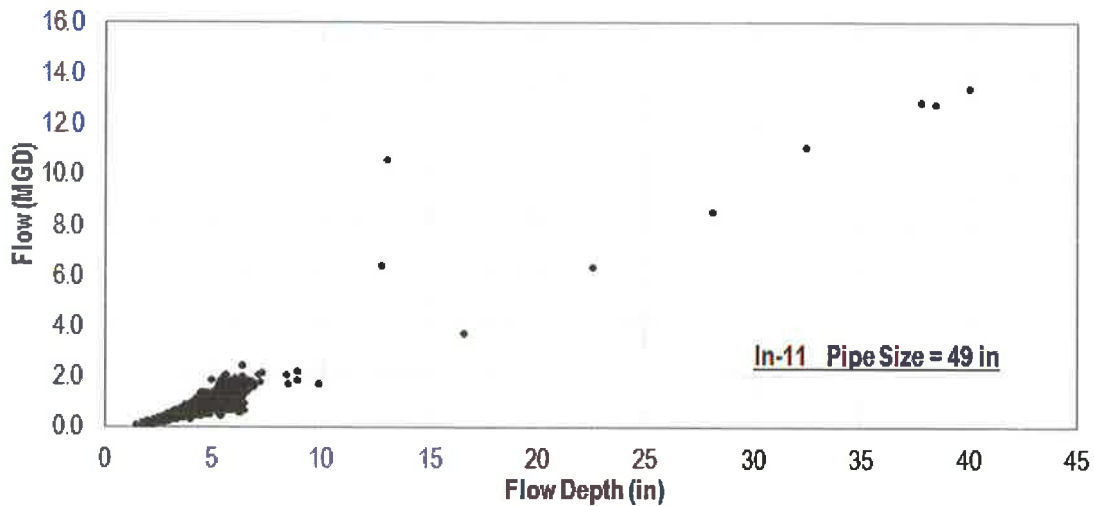
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 27: Flow Monitoring Data, In-11

Hourly Hydrograph



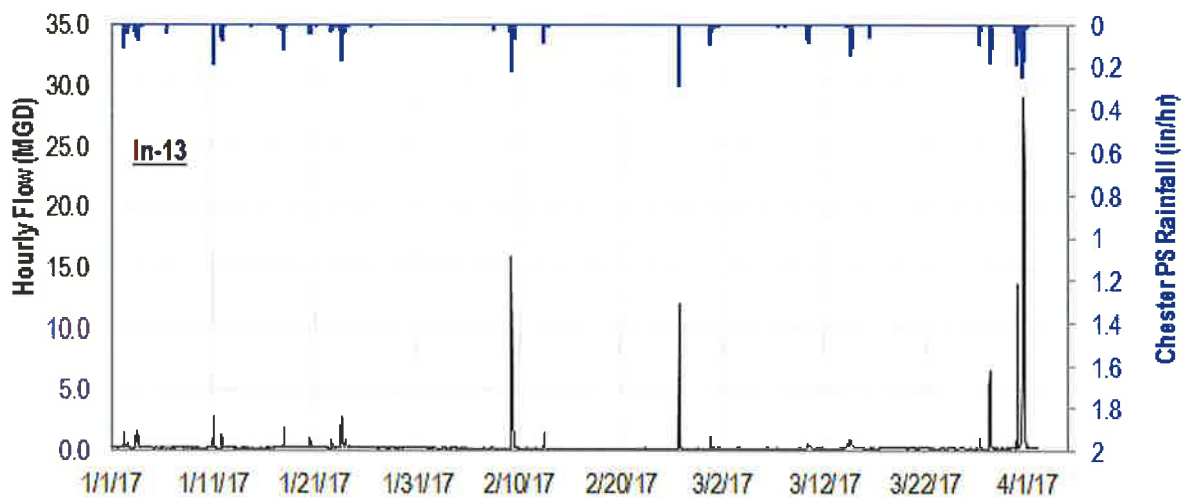
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



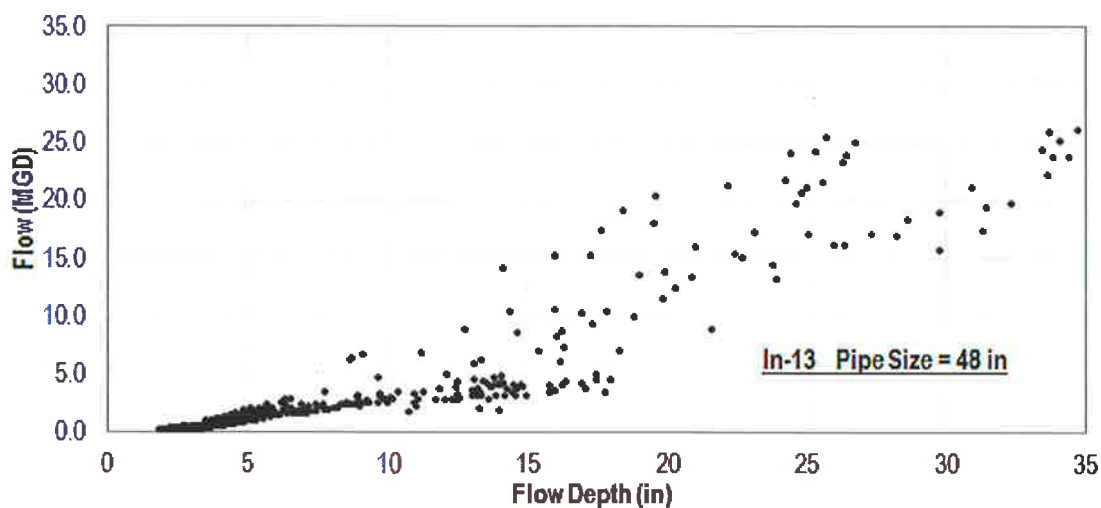
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 28: Flow Monitoring Data, In-13

Hourly Hydrograph



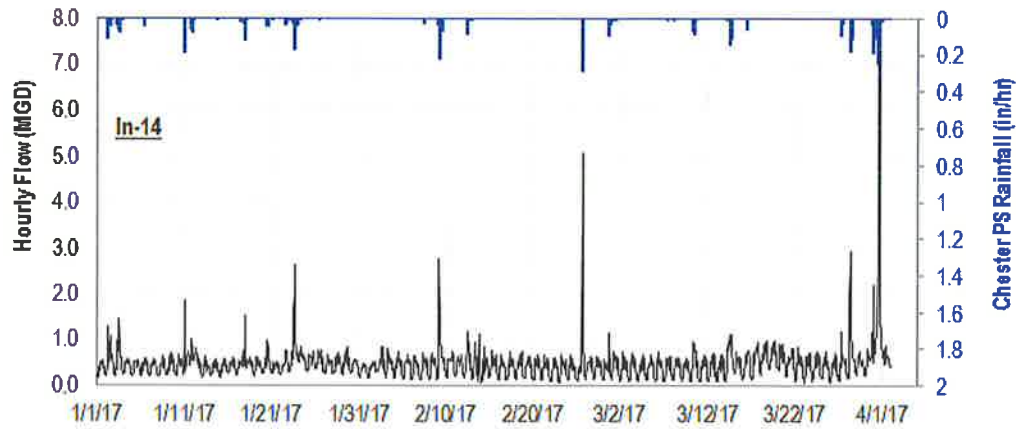
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



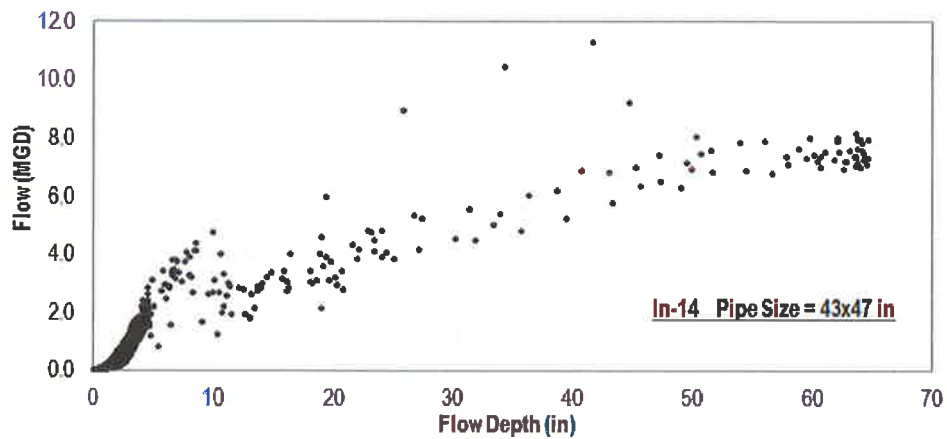
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 29: Flow Monitoring Data, In-14

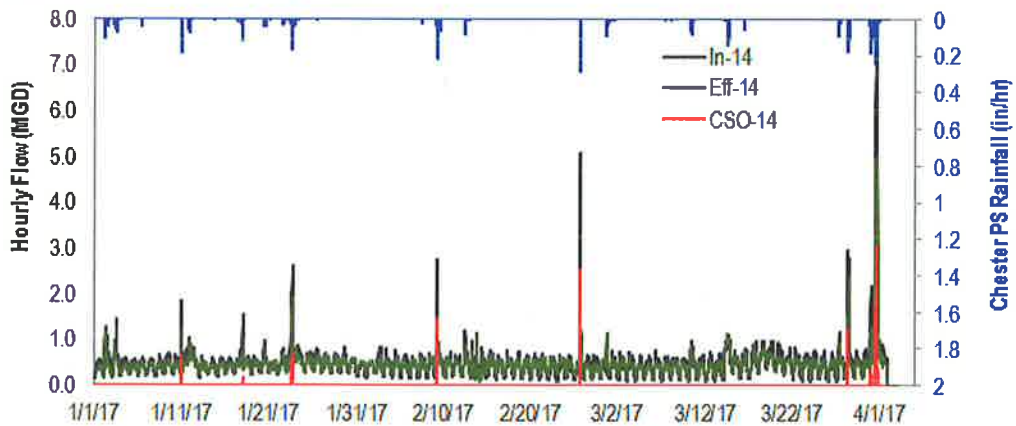
Hourly Hydrograph



Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



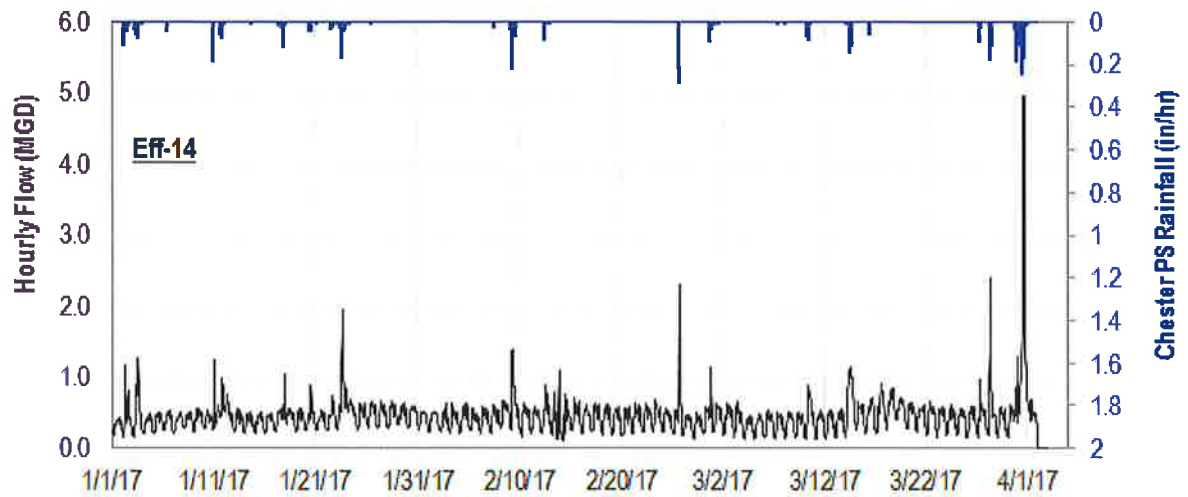
CSO#14 Influent, Effluent and Overflow



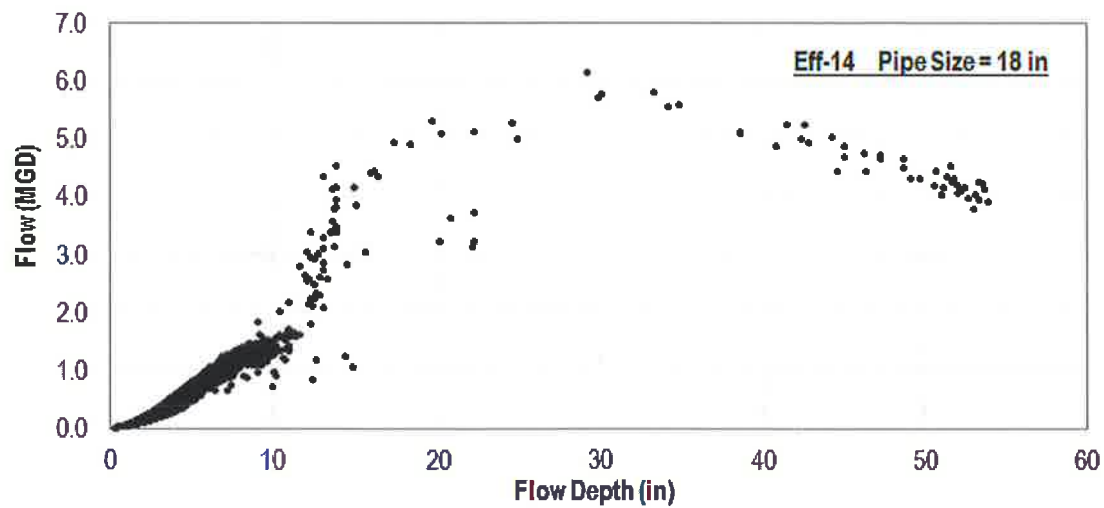
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 30: Flow Monitoring Data, Eff-14

Hourly Hydrograph



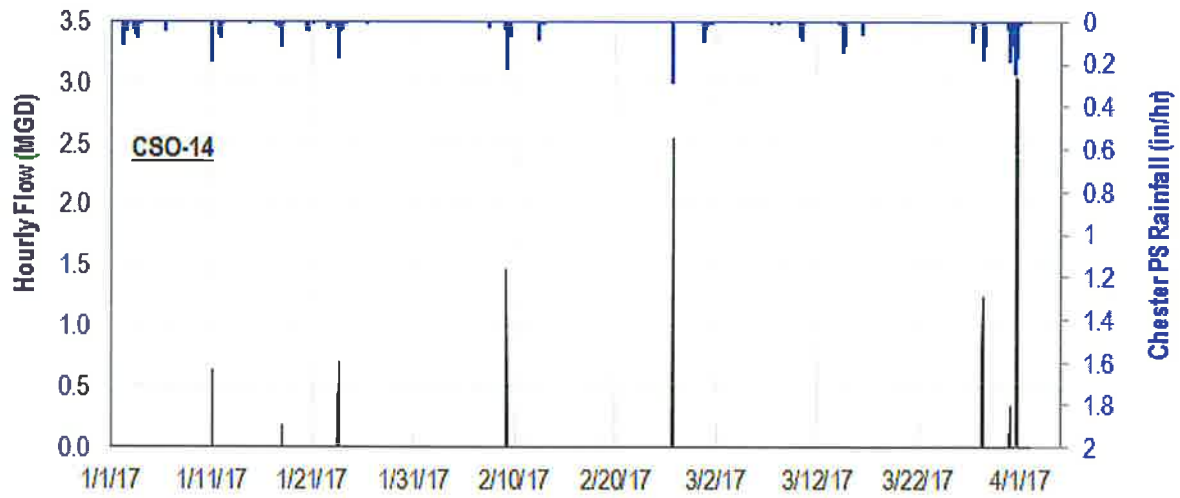
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



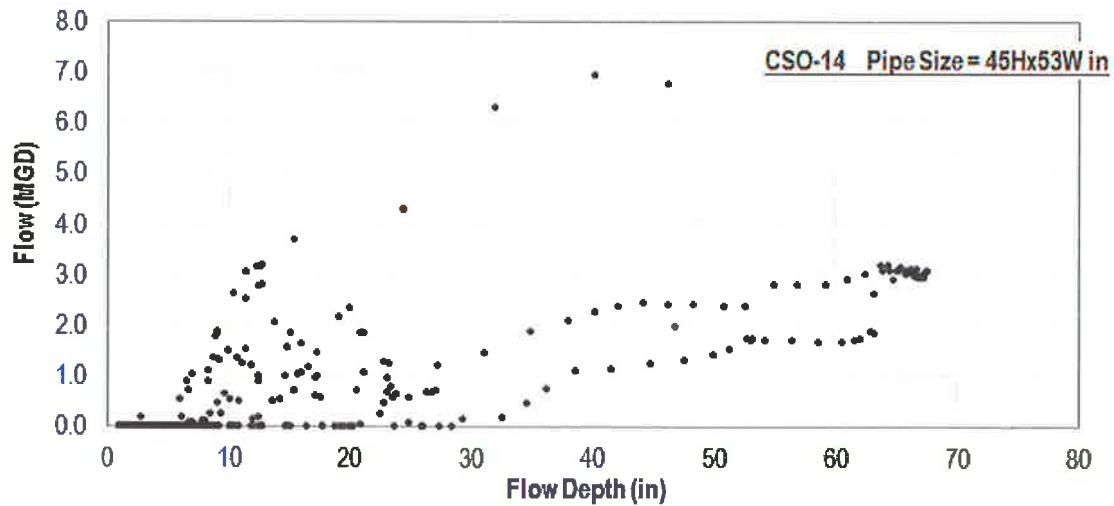
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 31: Flow Monitoring Data, CSO-14

Hourly Hydrograph



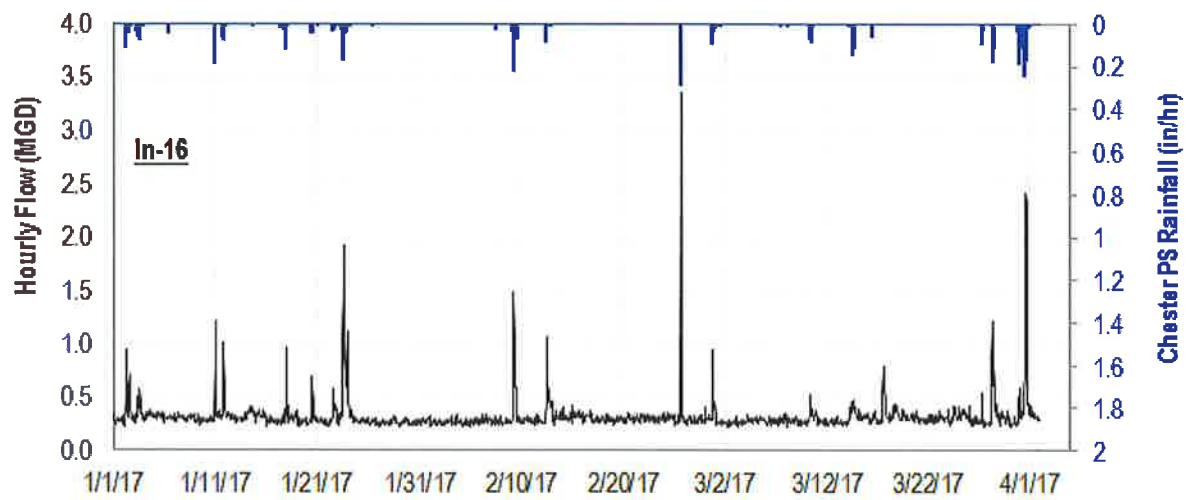
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



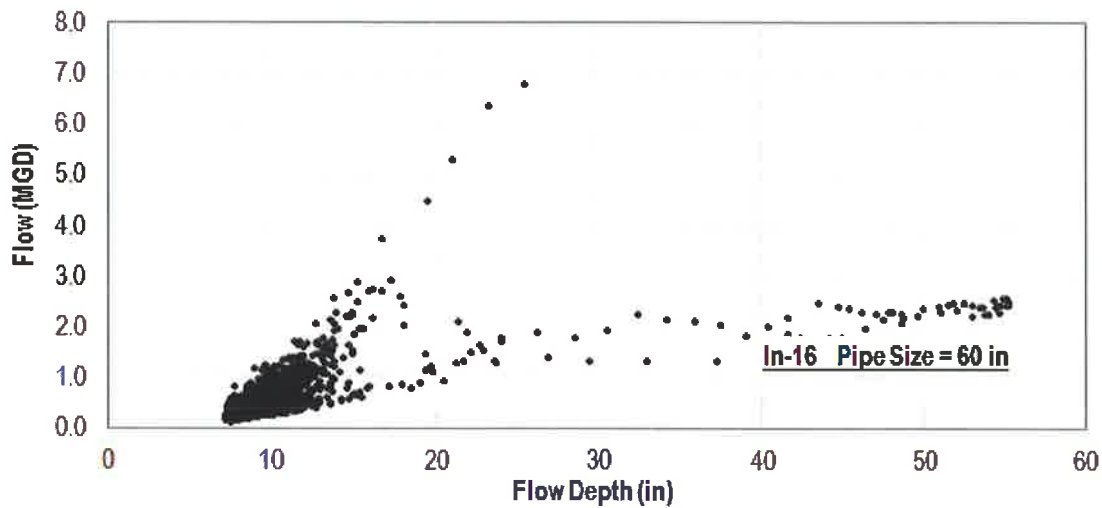
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 32: Flow Monitoring Data, In-16

Hourly Hydrograph



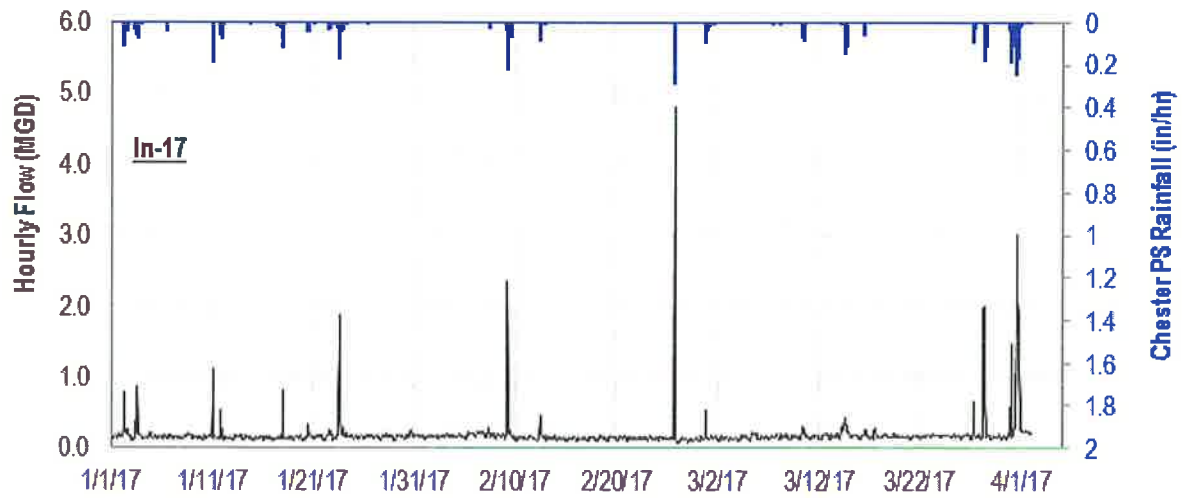
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



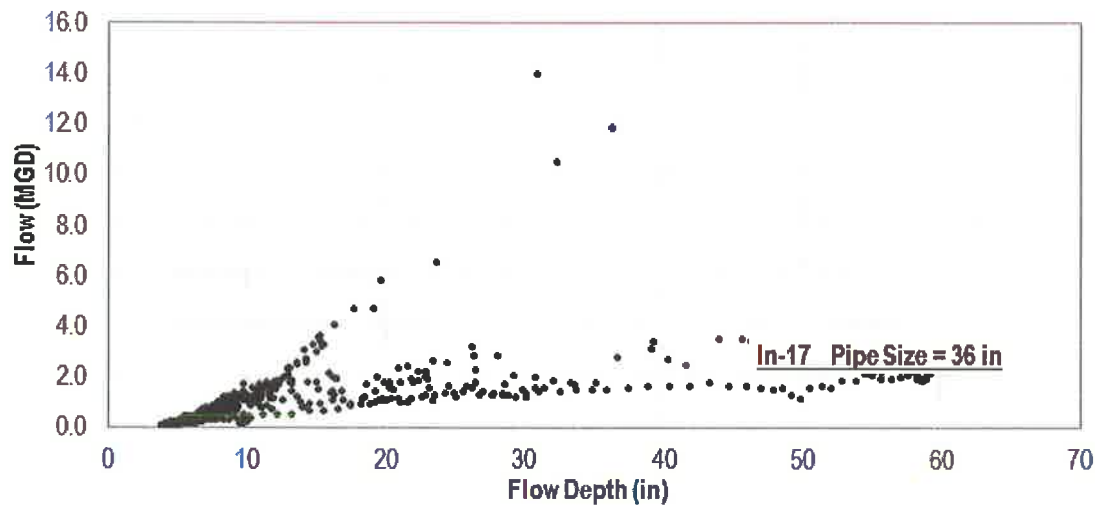
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 33: Flow Monitoring Data, In-17

Hourly Hydrograph



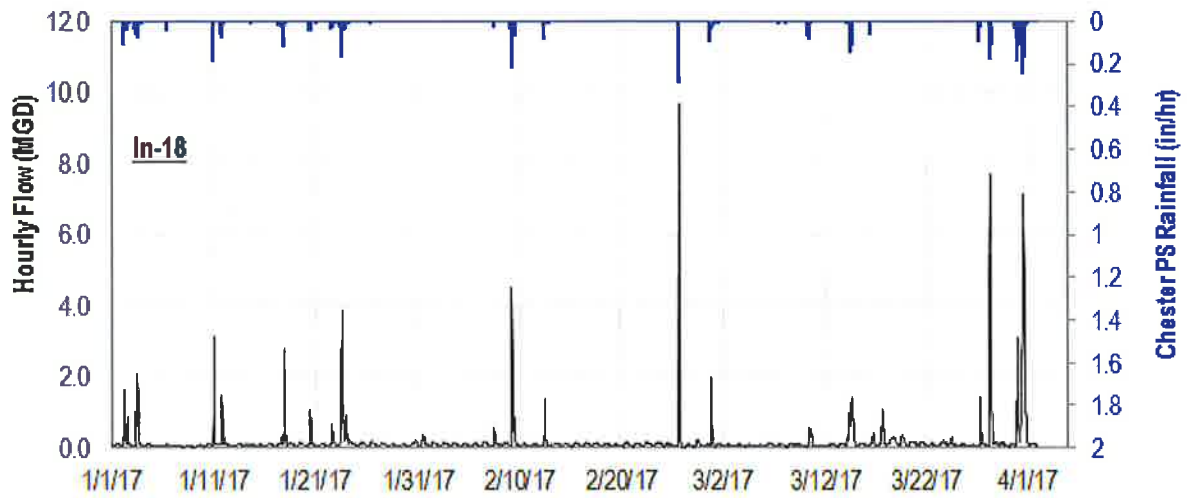
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



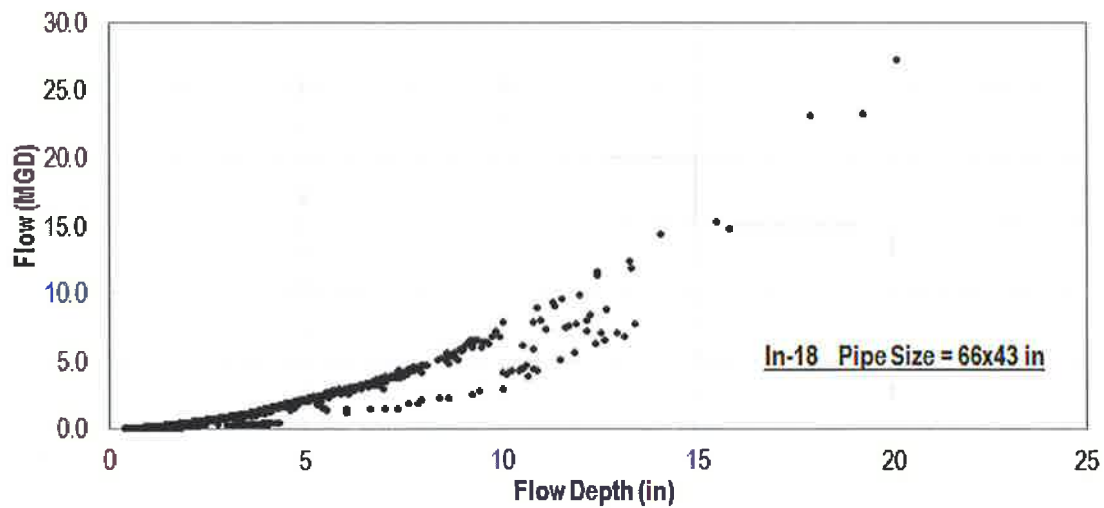
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 34: Flow Monitoring Data, In-18

Hourly Hydrograph



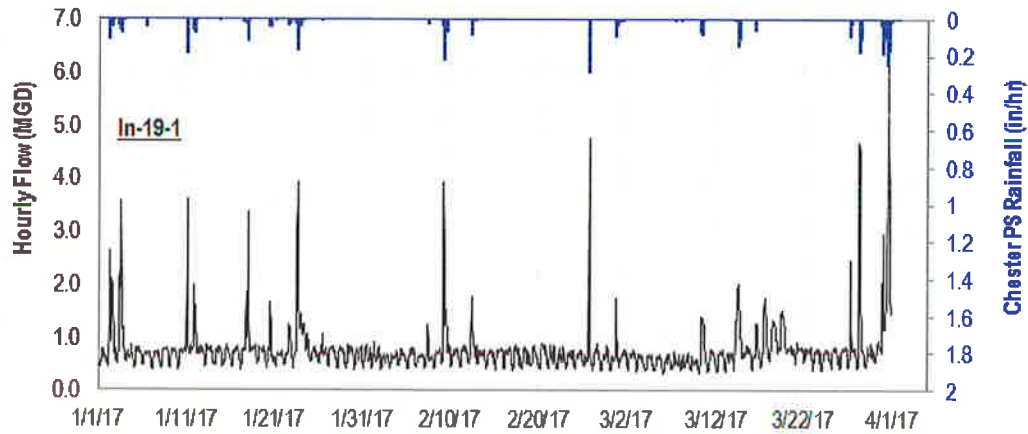
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



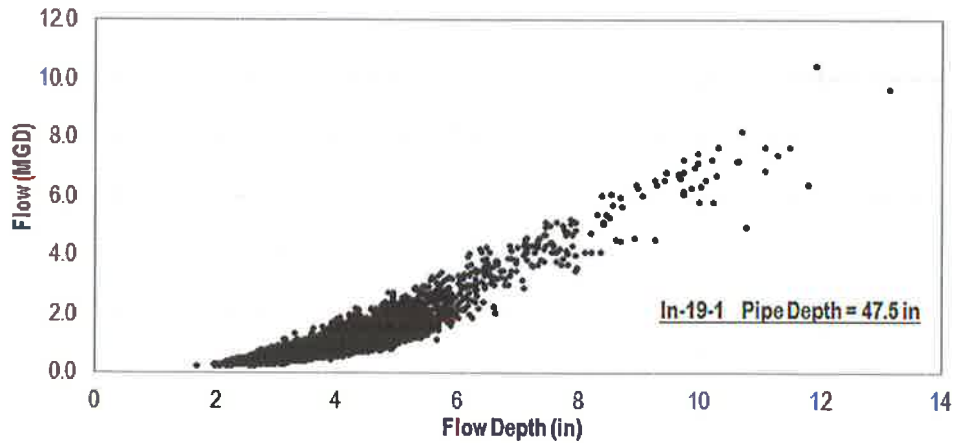
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 35: Flow Monitoring Data, In-19-1

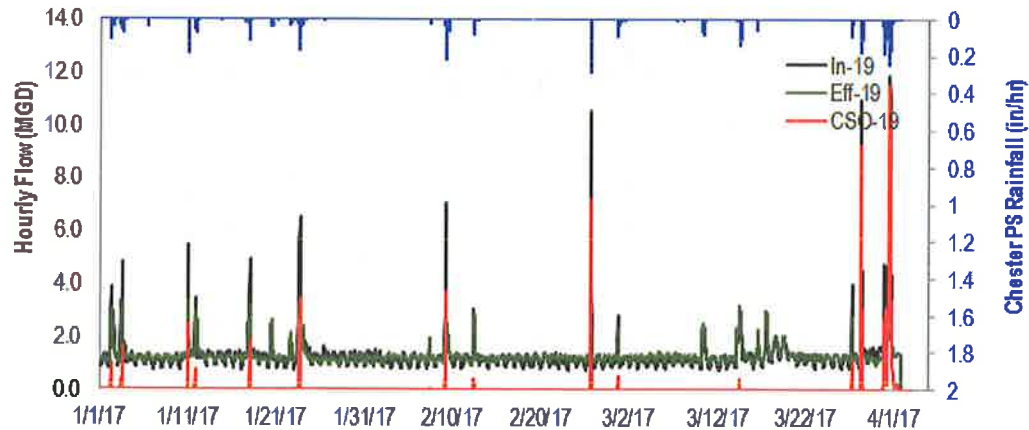
Hourly Hydrograph



Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



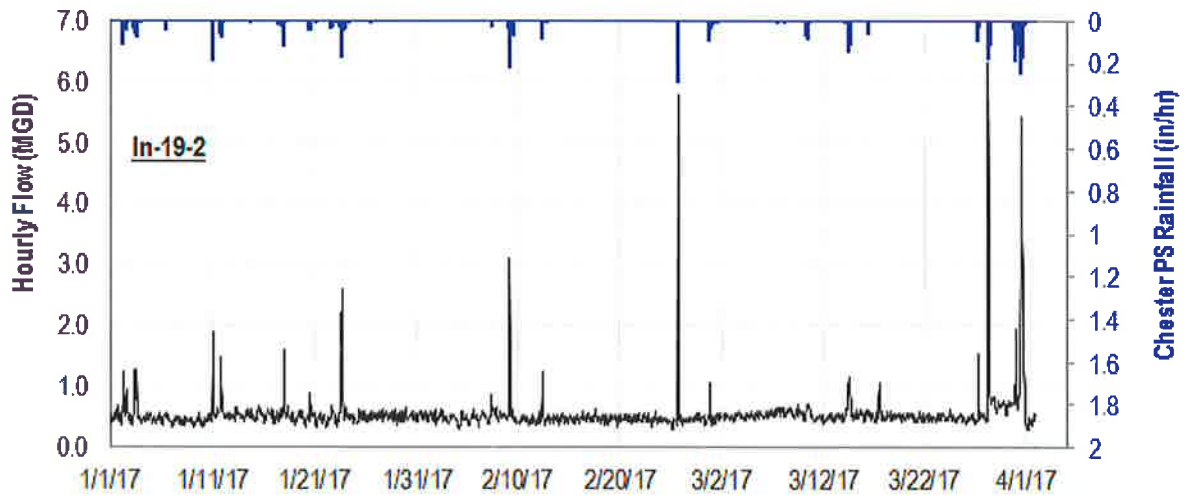
CSO#19 Influent, Effluent and Overflow



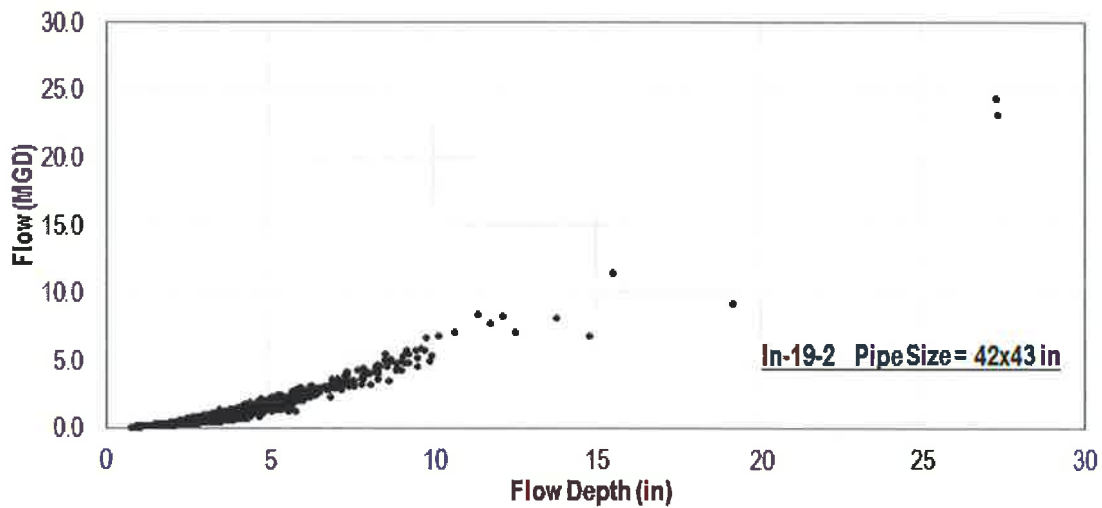
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 36: Flow Monitoring Data, In-19-2

Hourly Hydrograph



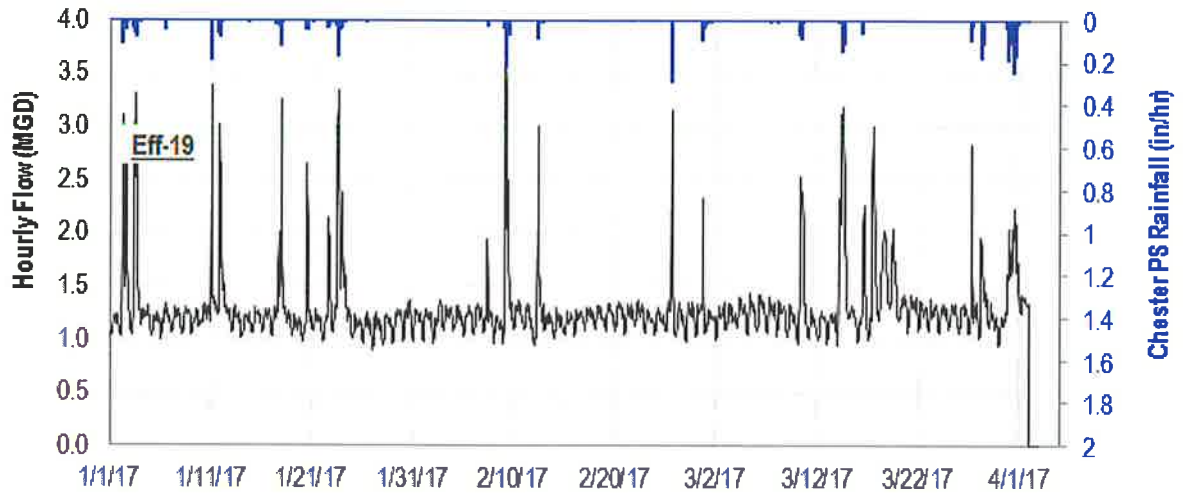
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



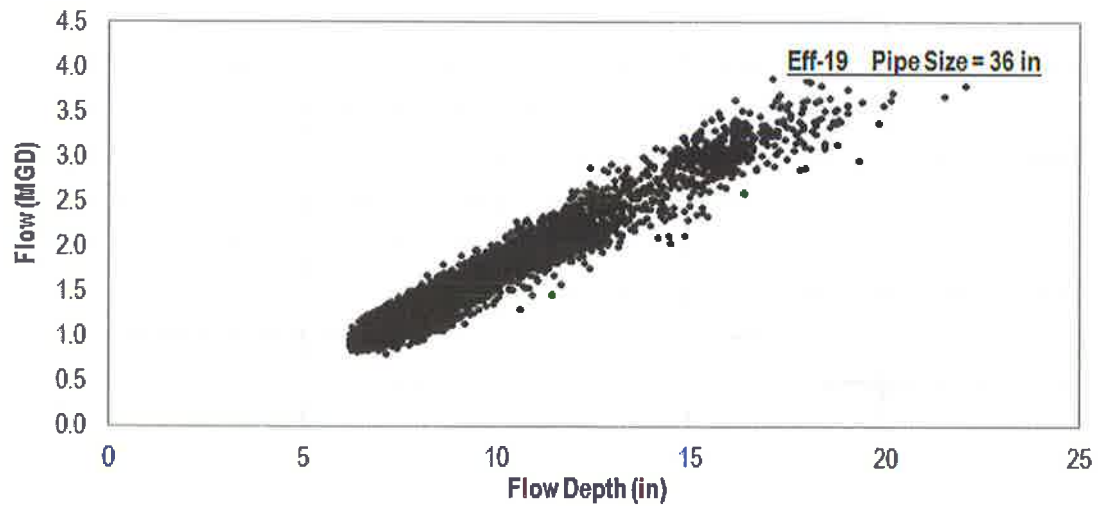
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 37: Flow Monitoring Data, Eff-19

Hourly Hydrograph



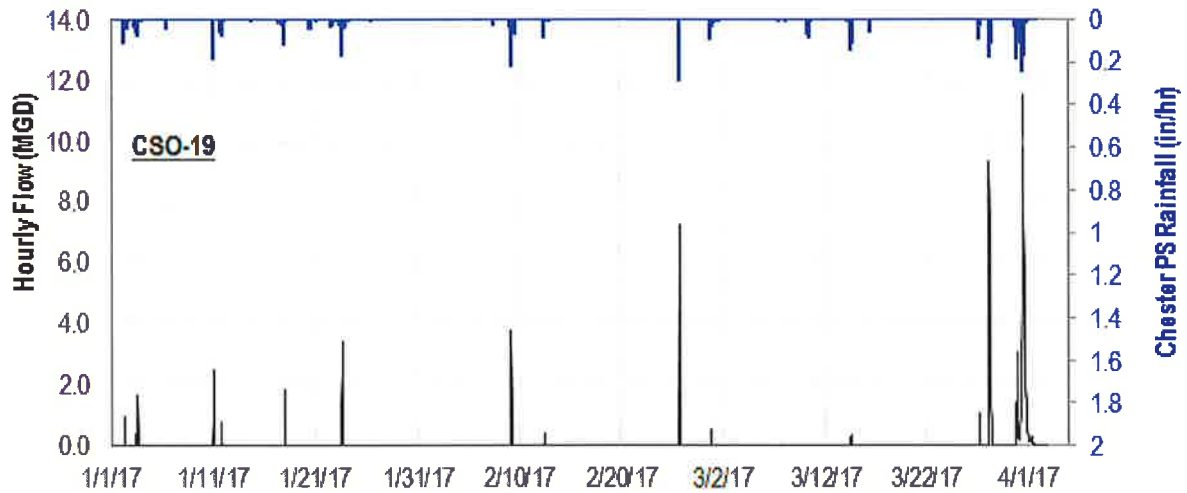
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



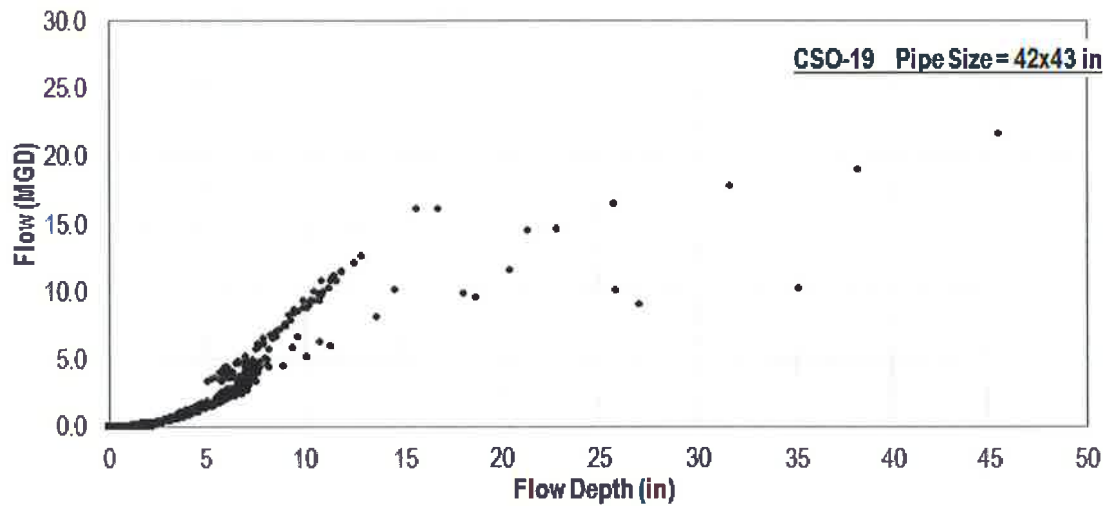
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 38: Flow Monitoring Data, CSO-19

Hourly Hydrograph



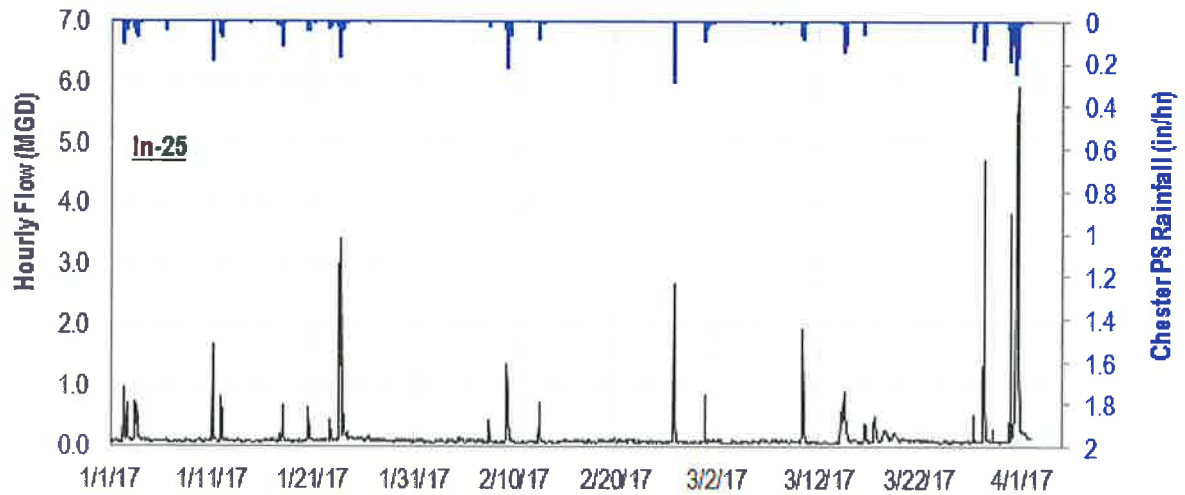
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



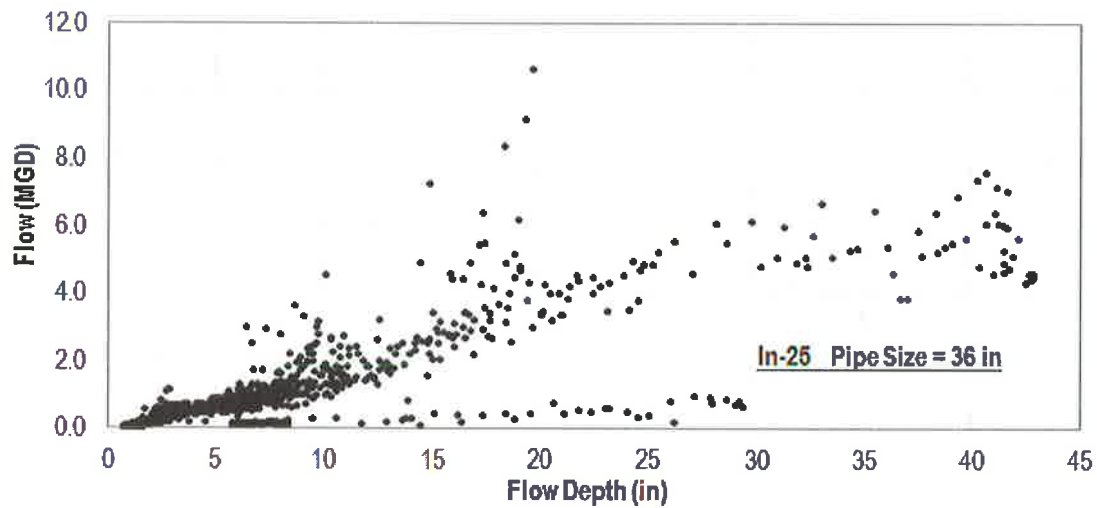
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 39: Flow Monitoring Data, In-25

Hourly Hydrograph



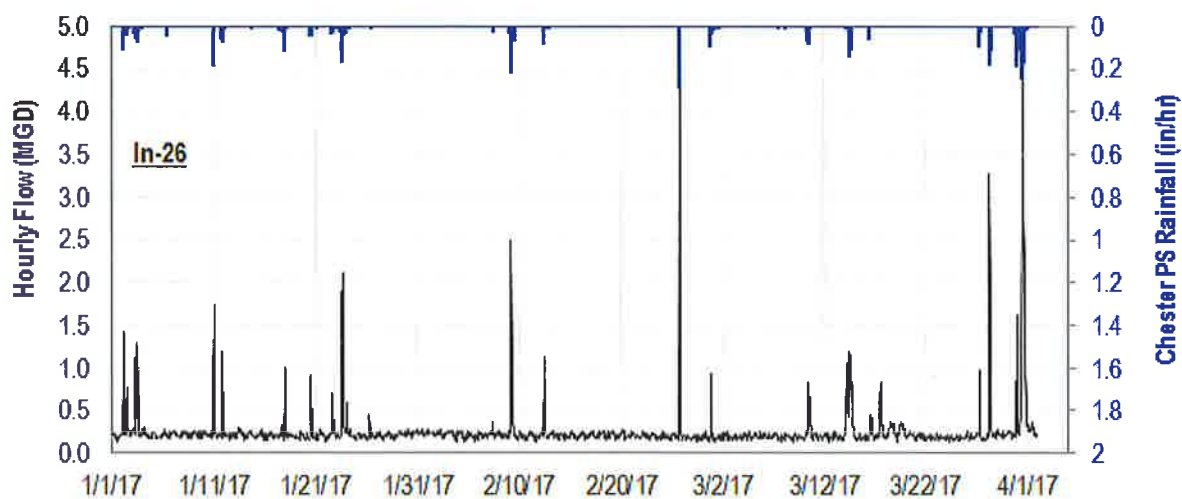
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



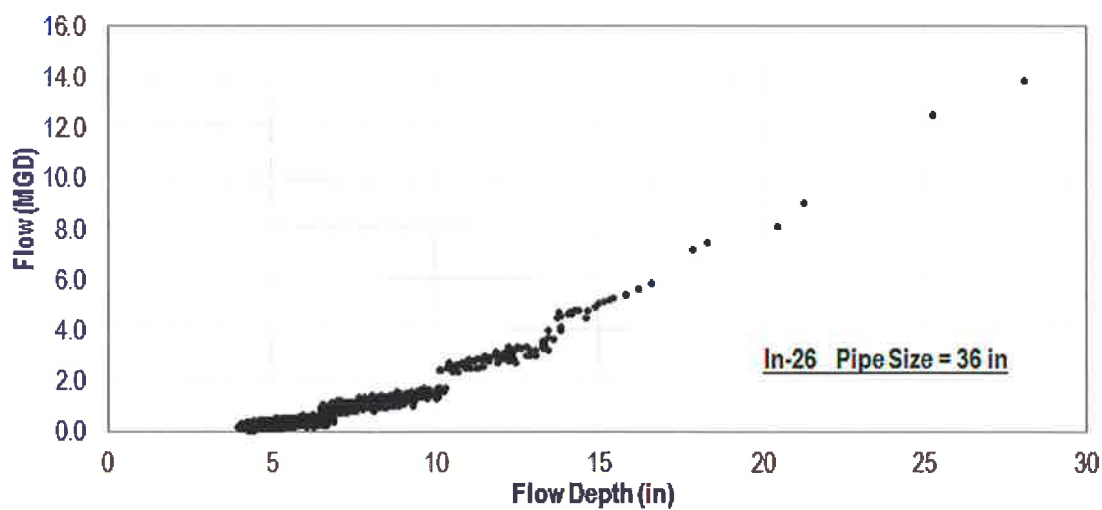
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 40: Flow Monitoring Data, In-26

Hourly Hydrograph



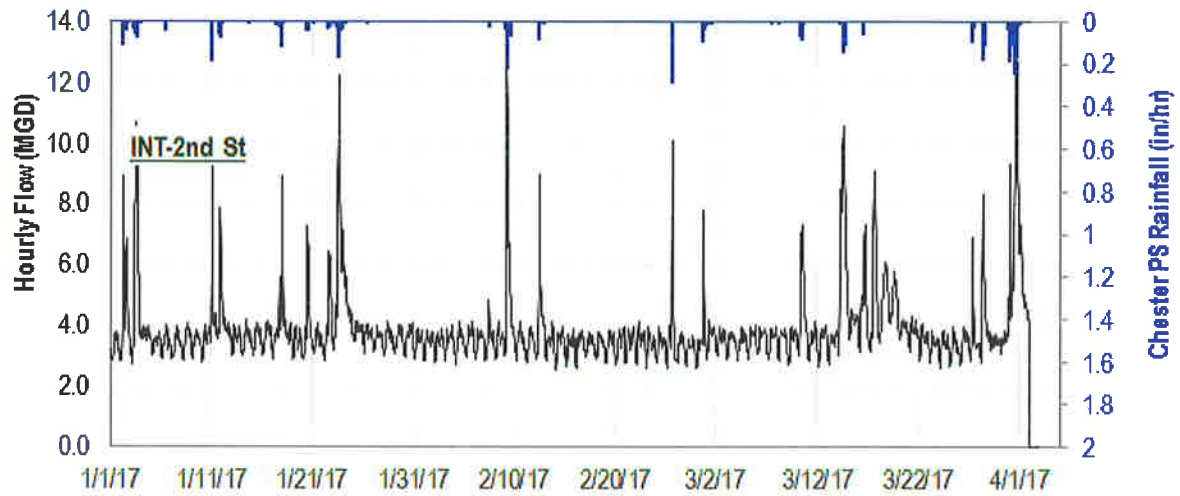
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



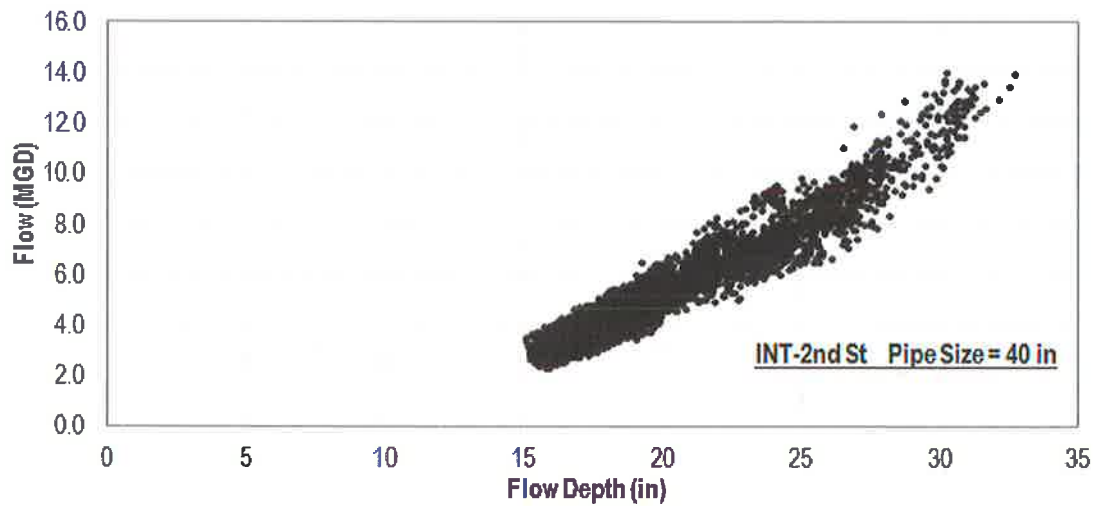
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 41: Flow Monitoring Data, INT-2nd St

Hourly Hydrograph



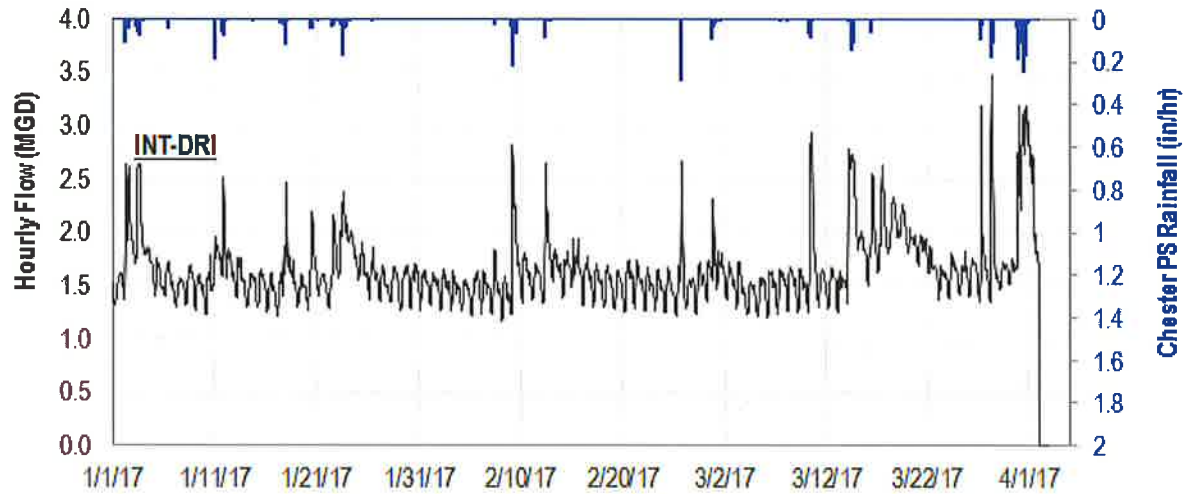
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



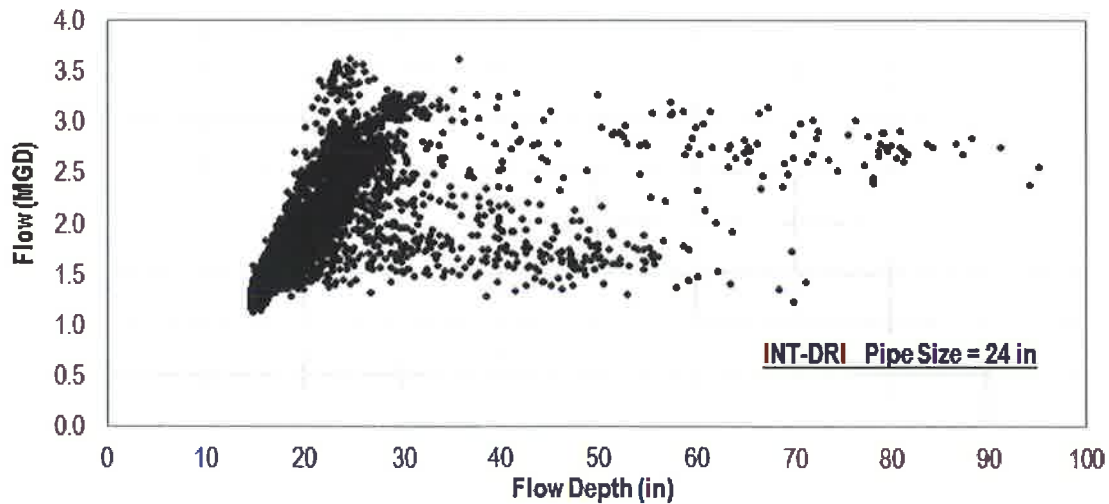
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 42: Flow Monitoring Data, INT-DRI

Hourly Hydrograph



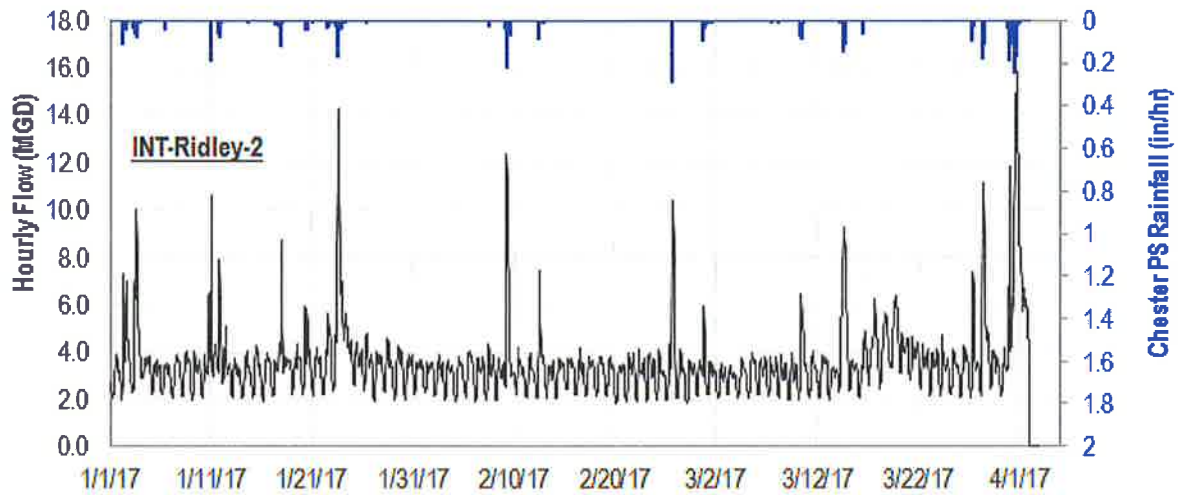
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



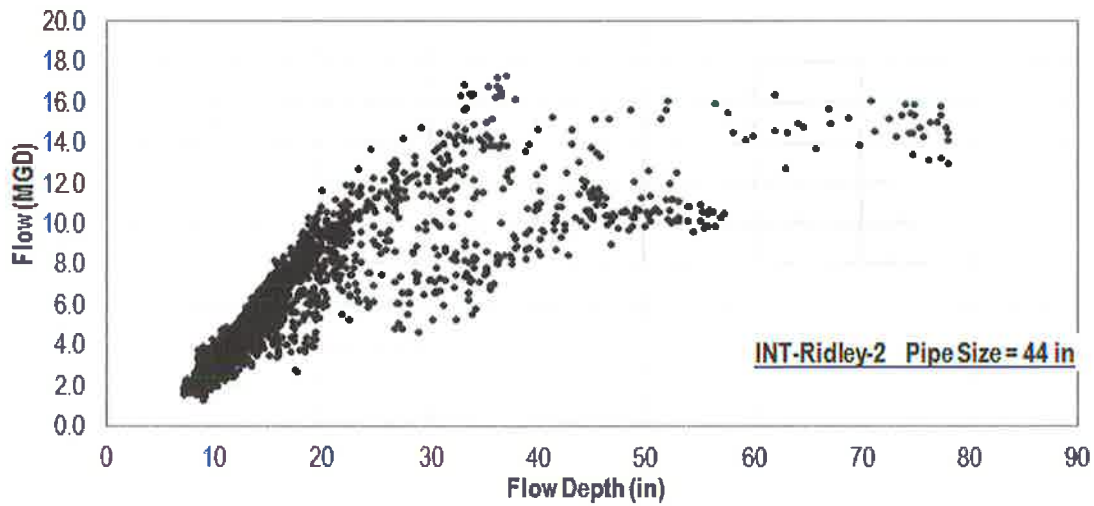
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 43: Flow Monitoring Data, INT-Ridley 2

Hourly Hydrograph



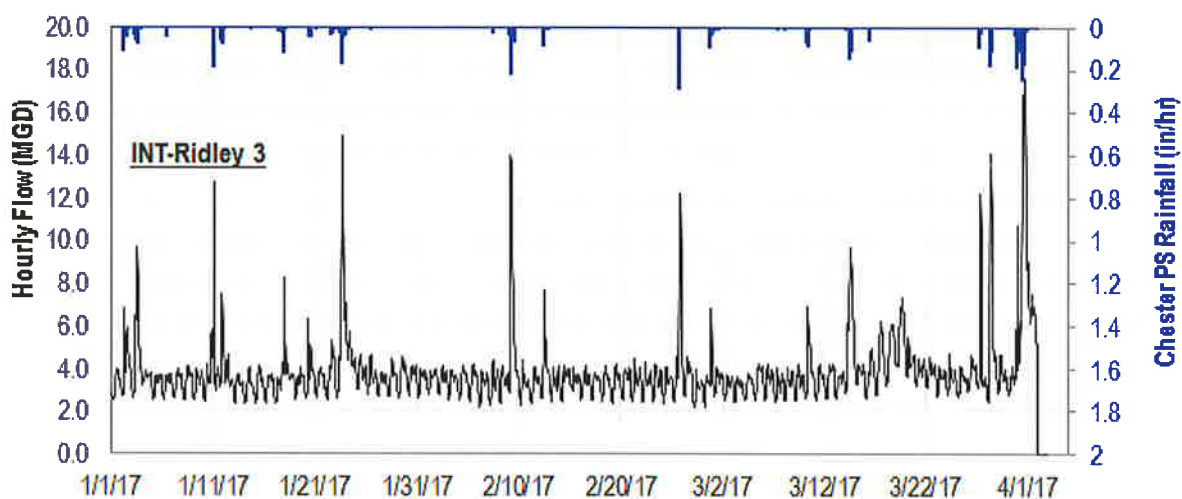
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



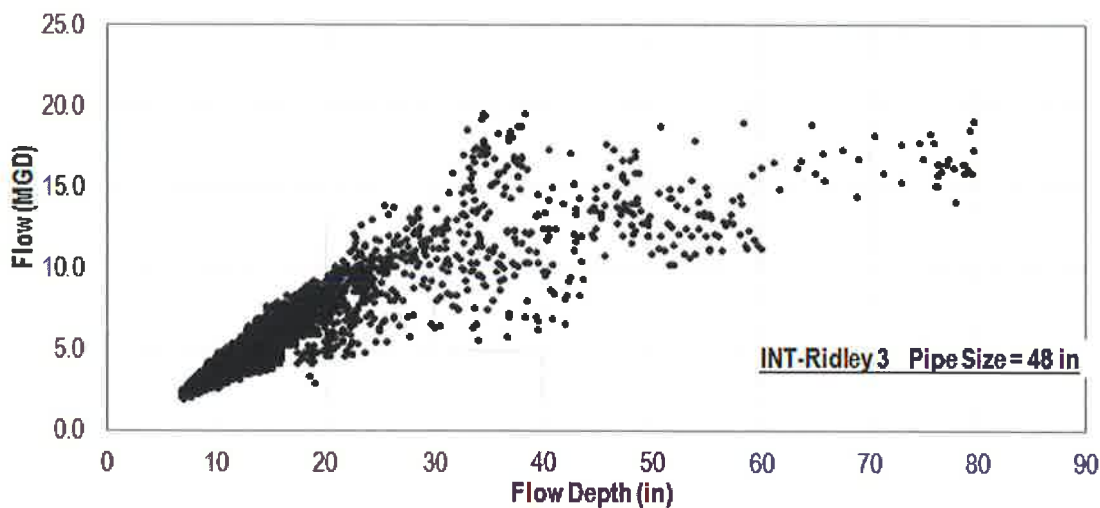
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 44: Flow Monitoring Data, INT-Ridley 3

Hourly Hydrograph



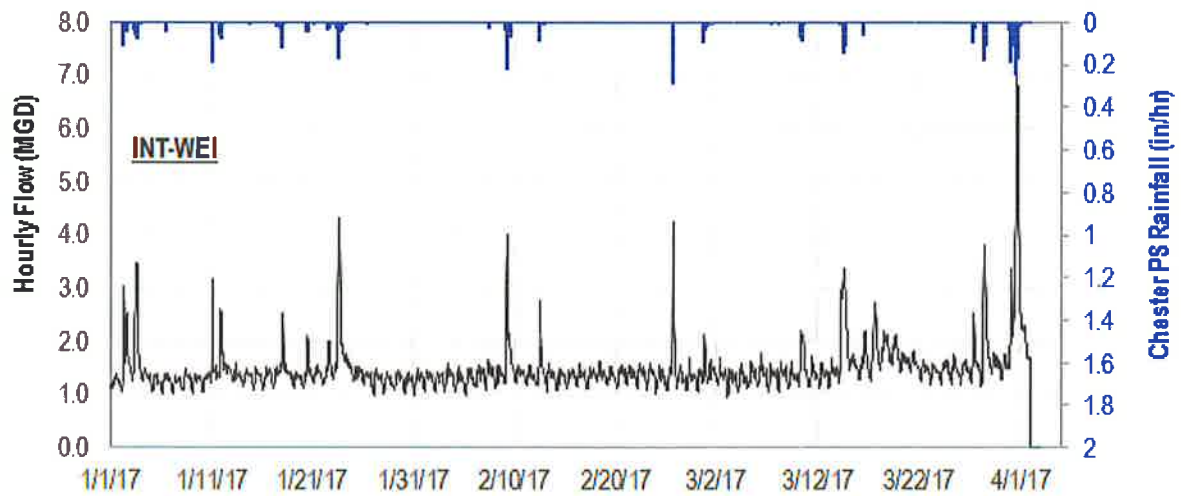
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



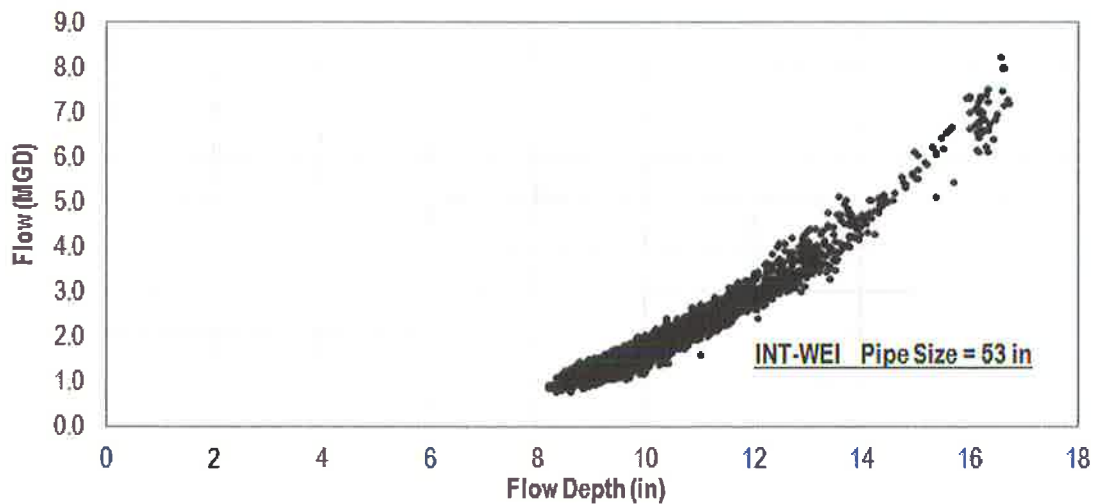
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 45: Flow Monitoring Data, INT-WEI

Hourly Hydrograph



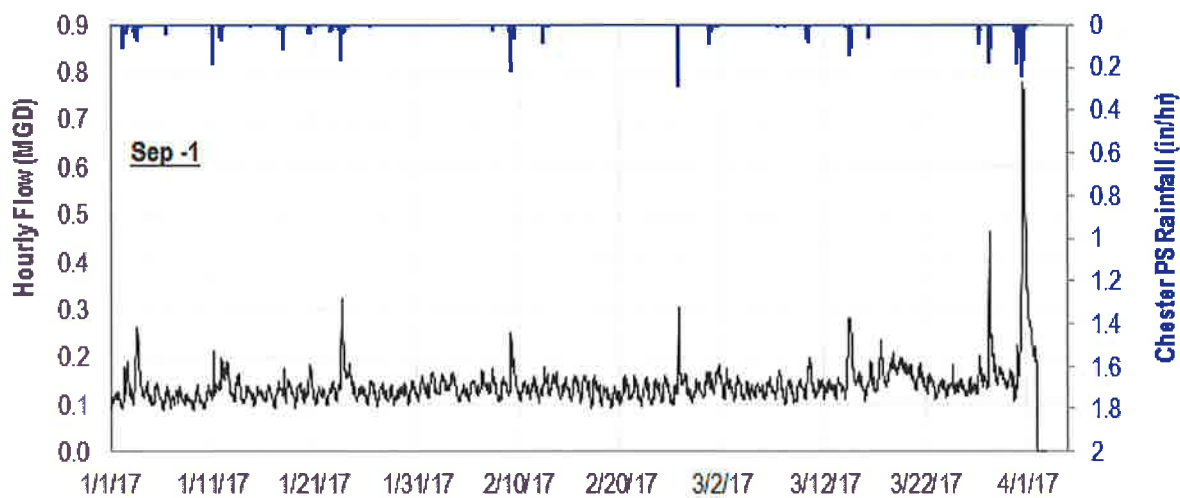
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



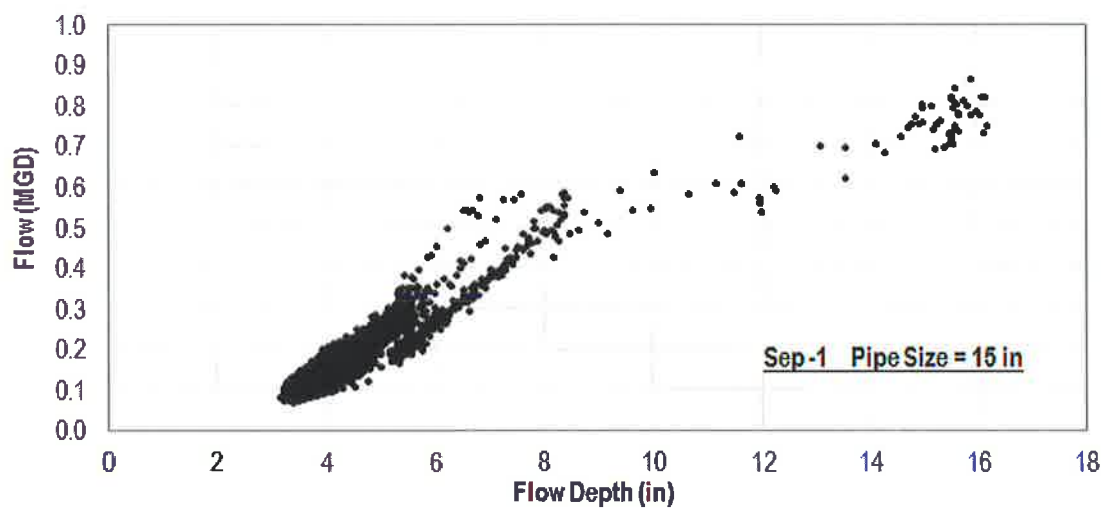
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Figure 46: Flow Monitoring Data, Sep-1

Hourly Hydrograph



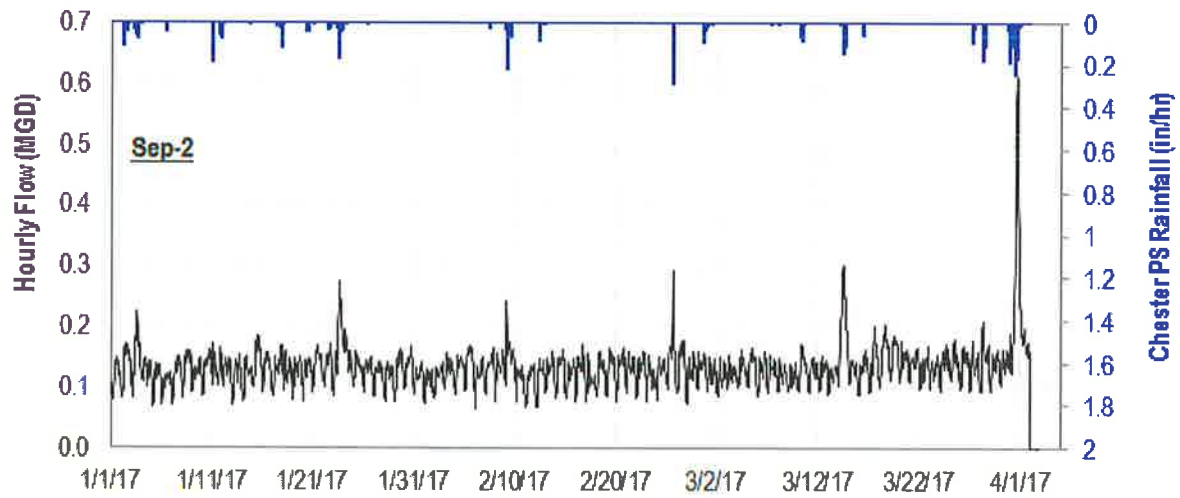
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



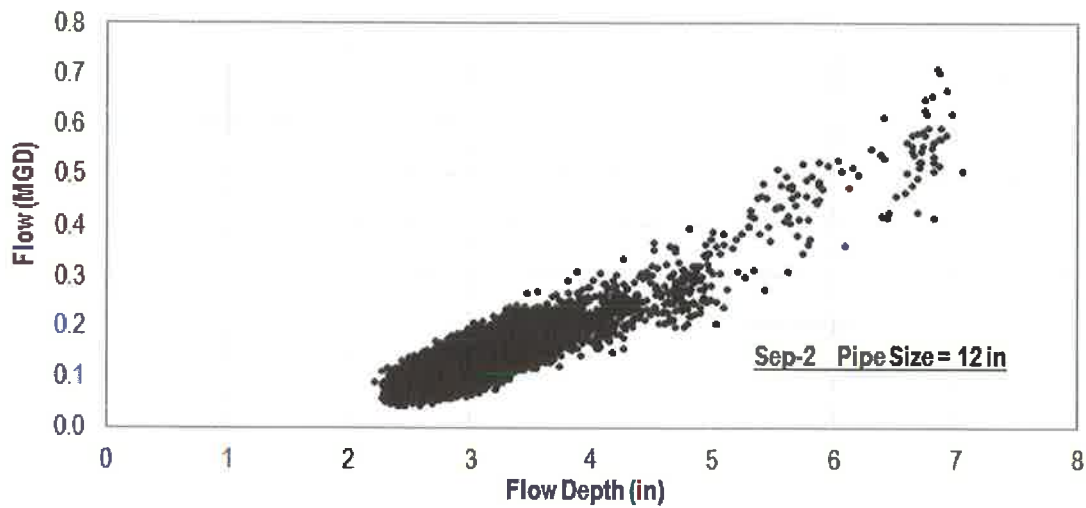
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 47: Flow Monitoring Data, Sep-2

Hourly Hydrograph



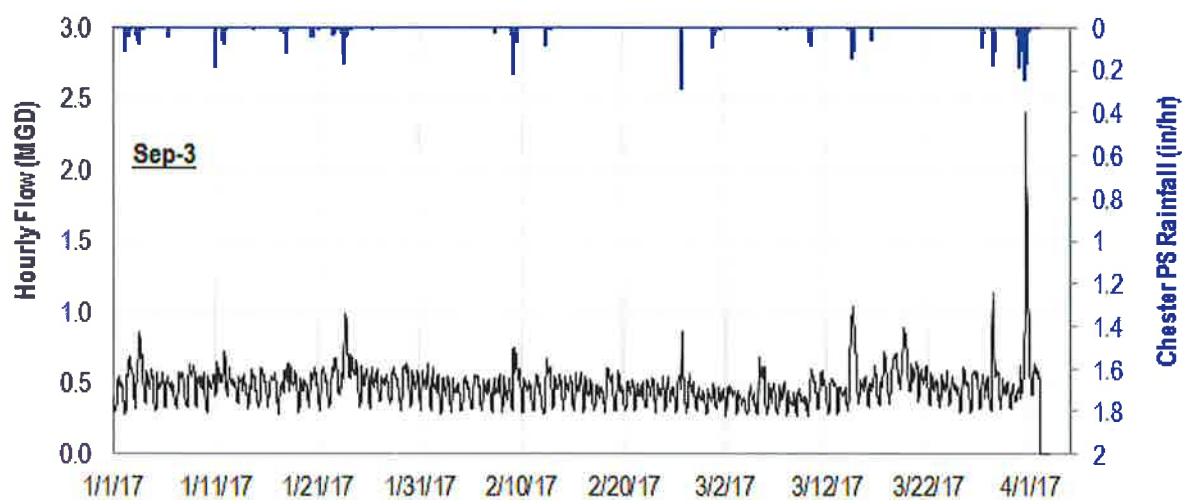
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



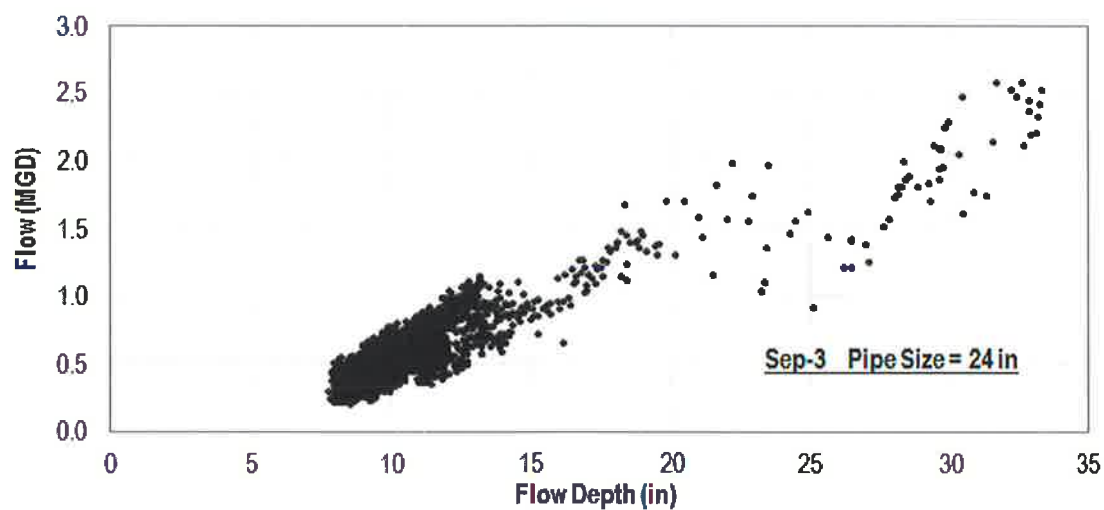
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 48: Flow Monitoring Data, Sep-3

Hourly Hydrograph



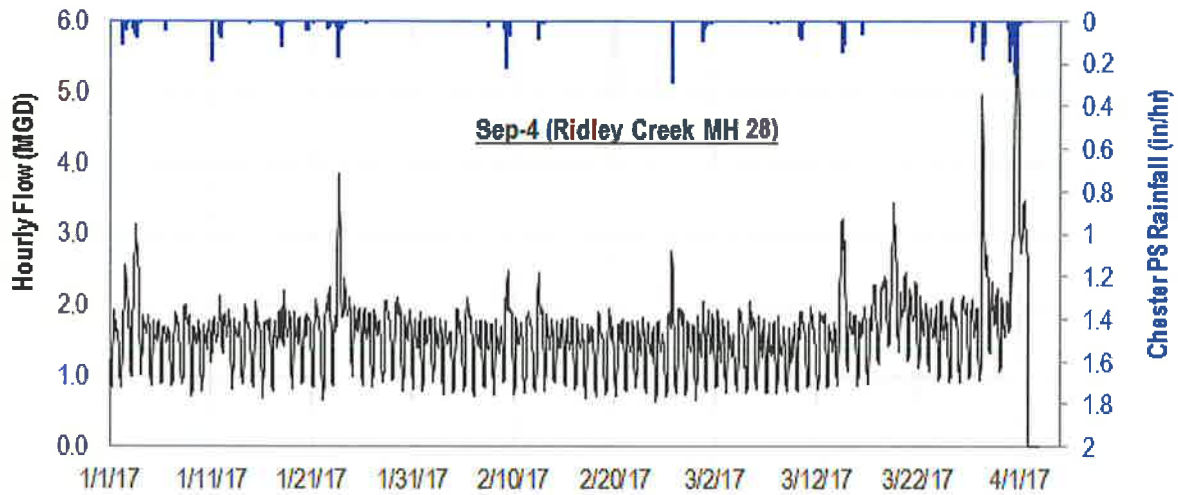
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



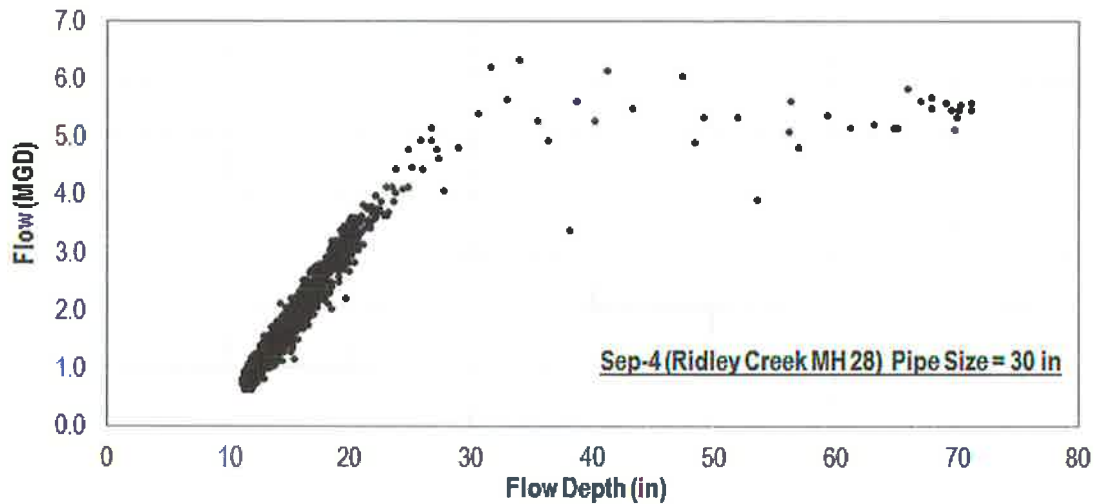
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Figure 49: Flow Monitoring Data, Sep-4

Hourly Hydrograph



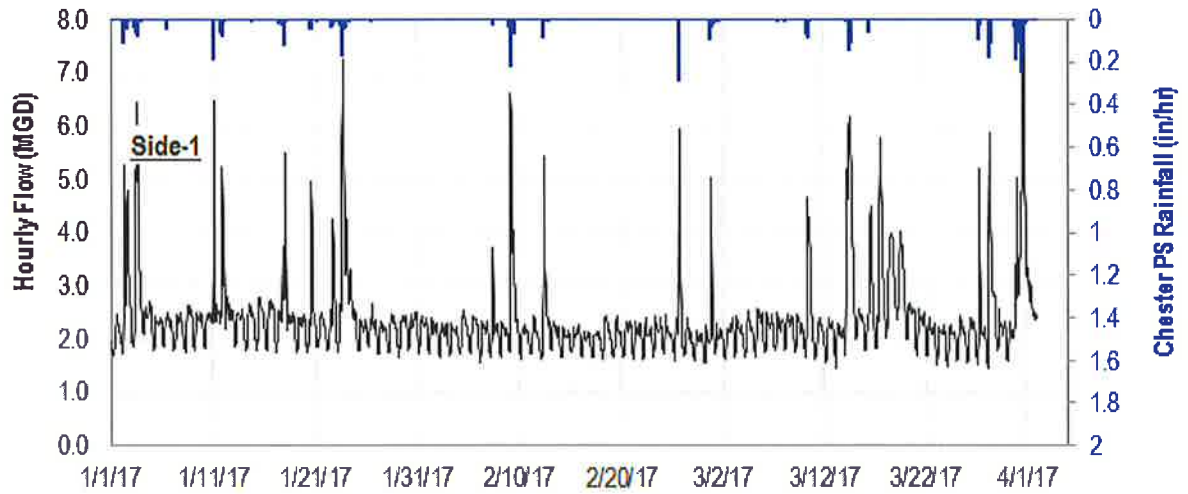
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



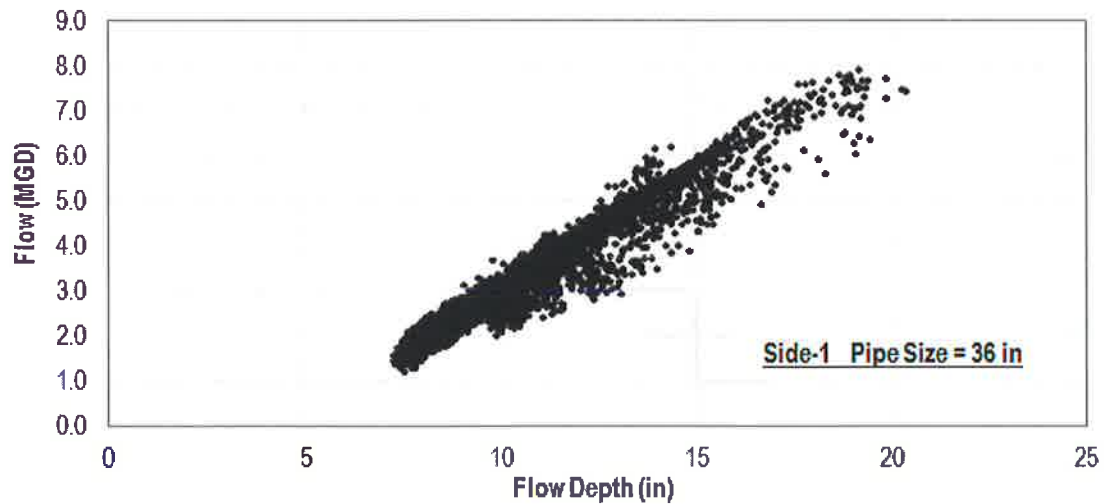
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 50: Flow Monitoring Data, Side-1

Hourly Hydrograph



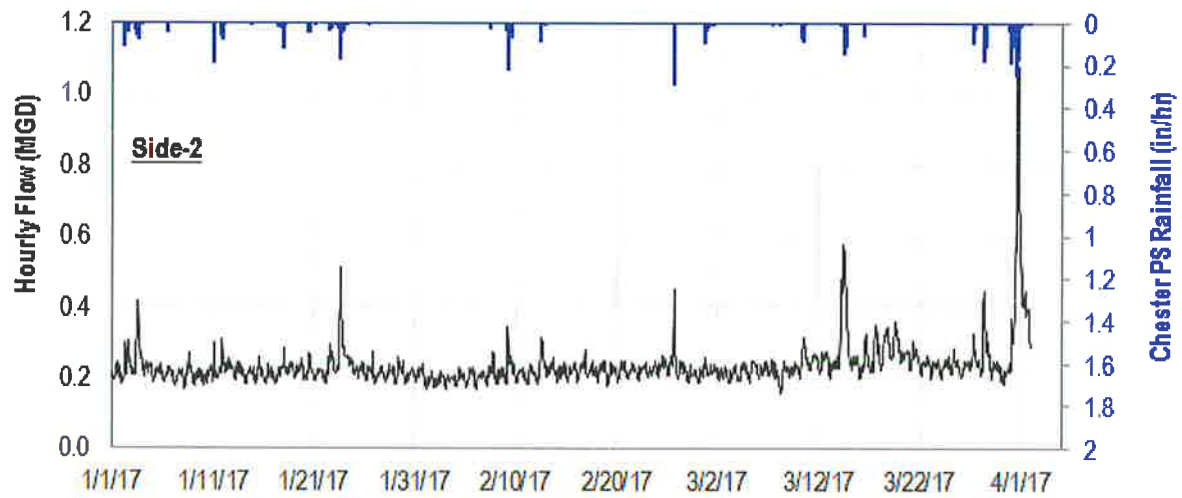
Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



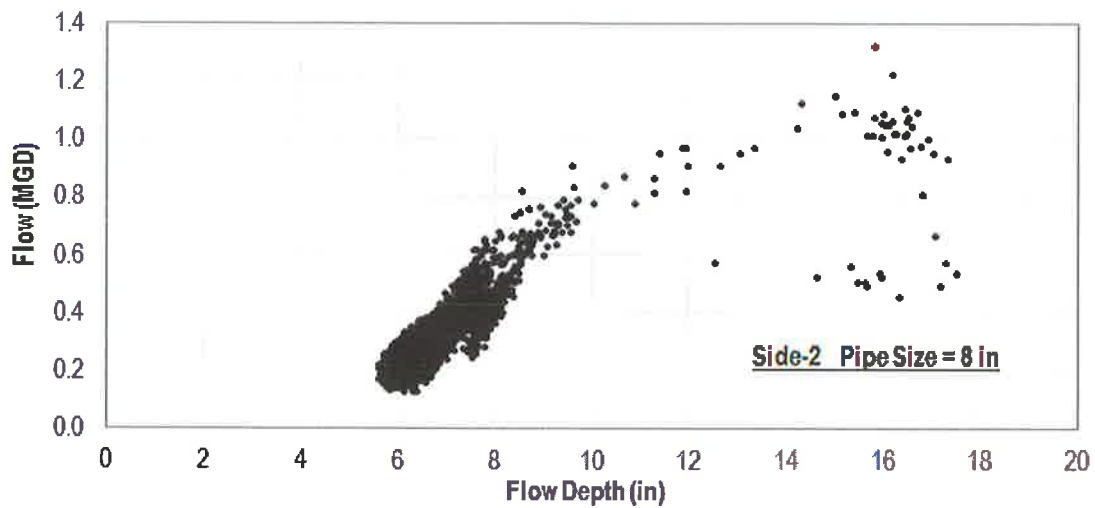
Rainfall and Flow Monitoring Quarterly Report No. 4

Figure 51: Flow Monitoring Data, Side-2

Hourly Hydrograph



Scattergraph (Flow vs. Depth)



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